# WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4



The main training course is designed to provide summaries of the most relevant knowledge on HPV infection and associated diseases with the aim of assisting physicians and educators. The topics covered range from the basic science fundamentals to emerging issues and the clinical uses of screening technologies, prophylactic HPV vaccines and extending to HPV-related diseases in external genitalia and head & neck.

Speakers will present only accepted evidence-based scientific information that has been published in the peer-revie-

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AIN TRAINING COURSE - MTC			
TC 1 From infection to diseases at different anatomic sites  Chair: S. Franceschi		<b>Main Aud</b> 9:00 - 1	
1-1 - HPV related cancers: the comparative figures	S.	Franceschi	France
1-2 - Epidemiology, transmission & natural history	A.	Giuliano	USA
1-3 - The biology of HPV infection at different epithelial sites	J.	Doorbar	UK
1–4 - HPV immunology: an update	S.	Pai	USA
- Discussion			
Coffee Break		10:30 -	11:00
TC 2 New strategies & innovations in cervical cancer control Chair: X. Bosch		<b>Main Aud</b> 11:00 -	
2-1 - New standards for HPV-based cervical cancer screening	E.	Franco	Canada
2-2 - HPV prophylactic vaccines: lessons learned from 10 years experiences	J.	Brotherton	Australia
2–3 - Integrating primary & secondary prevention:			
new strategies for cervical cancer control LIC vs HIC	Р.	Gravitt	USA
2–4 - Challenges facing novel HPV multivalent vaccine	E.	Joura	Austria
2-5 - The expectancy of HPV therapeutic vaccine	Μ.	Stanley	UK
- Discussion			
C 3 Management of HPV cervical diseases - the state of the a	art	<b>Main Aud</b> 14:30 -	
3-1 - The risk-based management	Μ.	Stoler	USA
3-2 - Triage options of HPV+ women	C.	Meijer	Netherland
3-3 - Triage strategies of abnormal cytology	W.	Kinney	USA
3-4 - Post-treatment surveillance options	Μ.	Arbyn	Belgium
- Discussion			
Coffee Break		16:00 - 1	6:30
TC 4 HPV-associated diseases in non-cervical sites - what the clinician should know  Chair: A. Giuliano - M. Gillison		<b>Main Aud</b> 16:30 -	
	Α.	Giuliano	USA
4-1 - Comparative epidemiology and HPV transmission by gender	, 10	2.5.16110	
	M	Gillison	USA
4-2 - Current developments on HPV-caused oropharyngeal cancer		Gillison Fairley	USA Australia
<ul> <li>4-1 - Comparative epidemiology and HPV transmission by gender</li> <li>4-2 - Current developments on HPV-caused oropharyngeal cancer</li> <li>4-3 - Clinical issues related to anal HPV infection and cancer</li> <li>4-4 - HPV-associated OPC cancer, the state of the art</li> </ul>	C.	Fairley	Australia
4-2 - Current developments on HPV-caused oropharyngeal cancer	C. R.	Fairley	

# JORNADA ESPAÑOLA



# SPANISH WORKSHOP









	E.G.O.	
JE 1	Curso de Colposcopia	Auditorium 2
	Moderador : R. Comino - Director: JC Martínez Escoriza	9:30 - 11:15
JE 1-1	- Imágenes Normales	D. Dexeus
JE 1-2	- Imágenes Anormales	F. Coloma
JE 1-3	- La colposcopia en el contexto de los modelos de cribado actuales	M. Cararach
JE 1-4	- Análisis crítico de la Clasificación Colposcópica de Rio de Janeiro 2012	J.C. Martínez Escoriza
JE 1-5	- Casos Clínicos	J.C. Martínez Escoriza
		J.A. Monserrat
JE 2	Verrugas Genitales/Cribado/Consenso	Auditorium 2
ľ	Moderador: R. Comino	11:15 - 13:00
JE 2-1	- Verrugas Genitales: Estudio Multicéntrico Español	J. de la Fuente
	- Situación de la Prevención Primaria del Cáncer de Cuello de Útero en España: Fases IV.	M. Brotons
	- Presentación del Documento de Consenso de Prevención del Cáncer	
	de Cuello de Útero en España 2014: Consenso SEGO-AEPCC-SEAP-SEC.	A. Torné
	- Debate	
JE 3	Equidad asistencial: de la oncoguía a la practica clínica	Auditorium 2
	Moderador: J. Ponce	14:30 - 16:25
JE 3-1	- Epidemiología en España de los tumores del Tracto Genital Inferior VPH relacionad	os L. Bruni
JE 3-2	- Estrategia y metodología del programa OncoGuías SEGO 2008-2016	M. Cusidó
JE 3-3	- OncoGuía Prevención Secundaria del Cáncer de Cuello de Útero	M. del Pino
JE 3-4	- OncoGuía Cáncer Invasor de Cuello de Útero 2013	L. Martí
JE 3-5	- Caso clínico interactivo: Cáncer de Cuello de Útero	A. Boldo
JE 3-6	- OncoGuía Cáncer Escamoso Invasor de Vulva 2015	J. Lombardía
JE 3-7	- Caso clínico interactivo: Cáncer de Vulva	S. Alonso Salvador
	Coffee Break	16:25 - 17:00
JE 4	Técnica quirúrgica en el cáncer de cuello uterino Moderador: A. Sánchez del Rio	<b>Auditorium 2</b> 17:00 - 18:00
JE 4-1	- Histerectomía Radical. Anatomía quirúrgica (video)	J.C. Muruzábal
	- Linfadenectomía pélvica y ganglio centinela (video)	A. Gil
	- Linfadenectomía aorto-cava pre y transperitoneal (video)	M. Barahona
	- Efectividad de la robótica en España. Encuesta Nacional ROBOCER 2014	J. Ponce
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JE 5	La educación en el médico de cabecera en el VPH	Auditorium 2
	Moderadores: E. Redondo - I. Jimeno En colaboración con SEMERGEN, SEMG	18:00 - 19:00
JE 5-1	- La Educación en VPH del Médico Generalista	J. Alonso
JE 5-2	- El papel del Médico Generalista en la Prevención Primaria y Secundaria del Cáncer de Cérv	ix A. Cano

0 R /	ORAL COMMUNICATIONS - OC					
OC 1	HPV testing 1 Chair: C. Clavel - M. Einstein		Auditoriur 9:00 – 10:	_		
OC 1-1	- Detection of cervical disease with the Aptima HPV and cobas 4800 HPV assays using SurePath liquid cytology specimens	Μ.	Chernesky	Canada		
OC 1-2	- Direct genotyping from the Aptima <sup>®</sup> HPV assay using AnyplexTM II HPV28	G.	Lillsunde Larsson	Sweden		
OC 1-3	- Comparison of HC2 and cobas RealTime PCR in routine HPV testing	Н.	Ikenberg	Germany		
OC 1-4	- Definitive separation of high grade from low grade dysplasia using the combined morphological and molecular biomarkers of OncoTect 3Dx	Α.	Chargin	USA		
OC 1-5	- A novel, simple and specific test for HPV-induced neoplasia via direct detection of E6 oncoprotein	J.	Schweizer	USA		
OC 1-6	- Performance of the trovagene urine HPV assay in a referral population	J.	Cuzick	UK		
OC 1-7	- Automated versus manual pre-processing of SurePath liquid-based cytology specimens: assessing impact on the performance of the	۸	Canana	LUZ		
001.0	RealTime high risk HPV assay - Introduction of Cepheid <sup>®</sup> HPV tests into cervical screening in Malawi		Sargent Cubie	UK UK		
	- GynTect <sup>®</sup> a triage test for high-risk human papillomavirus  DNA-positive women, may have prognostic potential		Schmitz	Germany		
OC 1-10	- Validation of Novaprep HQ+ liquid-based cytology media for HR HPV detection by Hybrid Capture 2 (HC2)		Prétet	France		
OC 1-11	- Validation of two methods of collecting information on HPV test: electronic clinical history and manual register on cervical cancer screening in Spain.	V.	Rodriguez-Sales	Spain		
OC 1-12	- High-risk HPV mRNA in relation to future high-grade lesions among HPV DNA positive women with minor cytological abnormalities )	0.	Forslund	Sweden		
	Coffee Break		10:30 - 11:0	00		
OC 2	Epidemiology & natural history 1 Chair: I. Baussano - G. Ogilvie		<b>Auditoriur</b> 11:00 - 12:	_		
OC 2-1	- Monitoring the impact of the HPV vaccination program and cervical cancer control in Bhutan	ı.	Baussano	France		
OC 2-2	<ul> <li>Possible hand-genital HPV infection transmission among heterosexual couples: results from the HITCH study</li> </ul>	K.	Louvanto	Canada		
	- Availability of type-specific data on HPV infection in Europe for healthy women and women with cervical, vulvar or vaginal disease	T.	Weiss	USA		
	- Correlation of viral load and persistence for HPV16 and HPV18 in a Dutch cohort of young women	P.	Rog	Netherlands		
	- Serial type-specific human papillomavirus load predicts histological outcome	S.	Verhelst	Belgium		
	- The effect of male circumcision on genital HPV infection and external genital lesions in the HIM study		Albero	Spain		
	- What can twin studies tell us about the aetiology of cervical cancer?	S.	Garland	Australia		
	<ul> <li>48 month incident HPV infection rates for women HPV negative at baseline: the HPV focal trial</li> </ul>	G.	Ogilvie	Canada		
	- Trends of hospital diagnostic demand of papillomavirus. 1996-2013	R.	Ortiz de Lejarazu	•		
	- Epidemiology of HPV 6, 11, 16, 18 antibodies among adults in the United States across six years: NHANES 2005-2010	Н.	Velasco-Mondra	igon USA		
OC 2-11	<ul> <li>Abundance of putatively novel HPV types identified in eyebrows using novel CODEHOP primers and a single tube nested 'hanging droplet' PCR</li> </ul>	В.	Kocjan	Slovenia		

0 R /	AL COMMUNICATIONS - OC		
0C 3	Vaccine 1 (Impact) Chair: D. Mesher - P. Sparen		orium 3 - 16:00
OC 3-1	- Significant reduction in the incidence of genital warts in young women and men 5 years into the Danish national HPV vaccination program	B. Baldur-Felsk	ov Denmark
C 3-2	- Effectiveness of quadrivalent HPV vaccine on genital warts in a real-life setting in Belgium	G. Dominiak-Fe	elden France
C 3-3	<ul> <li>Effect of timing of second dose of quadrivalent HPV-vaccine on condyloma incidence</li> </ul>	F. Lamb	Sweden
C 3-4	<ul> <li>Quadrivalent HPV-vaccine effectiveness against cervical lesions: population-based study</li> </ul>	P. Sparen	Sweden
C 3-5	- HPV vaccination in young women at 25 years in Italy. Efficacy, immunogenity and impact on screening for cervical cancer	F. Carozzi	Italy
C 3-6	- Monitoring the impact of the HPV vaccination program in Rwanda	G. Clifford	France
C 3-7	- Effect of catch up vaccination on HPV prevalence in routine cervical screening	G. Baxter	UK
C 3-8	- Projecting the potential public health impact of a universal vaccination programme with a nine-valent HPV vaccine in the United Kingdom	T. Nikoglou	France
C 3-9	- Characteristics of a cluster-randomized, phase IV HPV vaccination effectiveness trial	M. Lehtinen	Finland
	Coffee Breek		
	Coffee Break	16:00 -	16:30
)C 4	Vaccine 2 (Effectiveness & safety) Chair: M. Lehtinen - K. Canfell	Audito	16:30 orium 3 - 18:30
-	Vaccine 2 (Effectiveness & safety) Chair: M. Lehtinen - K. Canfell	Audito	orium 3
C 4-1	Vaccine 2 (Effectiveness & safety) Chair: M. Lehtinen - K. Canfell  - Evidence of cross protection following use of bivalent HPV vaccine in the national HPV immunisation programme in England	<b>Audito</b> 16:30 -	o <b>rium 3</b> - 18:30
C 4-1 C 4-2 C 4-3	Vaccine 2 (Effectiveness & safety) Chair: M. Lehtinen - K. Canfell  - Evidence of cross protection following use of bivalent HPV vaccine in the national HPV immunisation programme in England  - Two or three doses for primary HPV vaccination schedules?	Audito 16:30 -	o <b>rium 3</b> - 18:30 UK
C 4-1	Vaccine 2 (Effectiveness & safety) Chair: M. Lehtinen - K. Canfell  - Evidence of cross protection following use of bivalent HPV vaccine in the national HPV immunisation programme in England  - Two or three doses for primary HPV vaccination schedules? Systematic review and meta-analysis  - Effectiveness of 3 versus 2 doses of quadrivalent HPV-vaccine on incidence of cervical lesions in a 3-dose vaccination schedule: a population-based study in Denmark and Sweden	Audito 16:30 - D. Mesher N. Low	UK Switzerland
C 4-1 C 4-2 C 4-3 C 4-4	Vaccine 2 (Effectiveness & safety) Chair: M. Lehtinen - K. Canfell  - Evidence of cross protection following use of bivalent HPV vaccine in the national HPV immunisation programme in England  - Two or three doses for primary HPV vaccination schedules? Systematic review and meta-analysis  - Effectiveness of 3 versus 2 doses of quadrivalent HPV-vaccine on incidence of cervical lesions in a 3-dose vaccination schedule: a population-based study in Denmark and Sweden  - Memory B cell responses against HPV16, HPV18, HPV31 and HPV45	Audito 16:30 - D. Mesher N. Low S. Kjaer	UK Switzerland
C 4-1 C 4-2 C 4-3 C 4-4 C 4-5	Vaccine 2 (Effectiveness & safety) Chair: M. Lehtinen - K. Canfell  - Evidence of cross protection following use of bivalent HPV vaccine in the national HPV immunisation programme in England  - Two or three doses for primary HPV vaccination schedules? Systematic review and meta-analysis  - Effectiveness of 3 versus 2 doses of quadrivalent HPV-vaccine on incidence of cervical lesions in a 3-dose vaccination schedule: a population-based study in Denmark and Sweden  - Memory B cell responses against HPV16, HPV18, HPV31 and HPV45 in 12-15 year old girls receiving Cervarix® or Gardasil® vaccine	Audito 16:30 - D. Mesher N. Low S. Kjaer A. Godi	UK Switzerland Denmark UK
C 4-1 C 4-2 C 4-3 C 4-4 C 4-5 C 4-6	<ul> <li>Vaccine 2 (Effectiveness &amp; safety)         Chair: M. Lehtinen - K. Canfell     </li> <li>Evidence of cross protection following use of bivalent HPV vaccine in the national HPV immunisation programme in England</li> <li>Two or three doses for primary HPV vaccination schedules? Systematic review and meta-analysis</li> <li>Effectiveness of 3 versus 2 doses of quadrivalent HPV-vaccine on incidence of cervical lesions in a 3-dose vaccination schedule: a population-based study in Denmark and Sweden</li> <li>Memory B cell responses against HPV16, HPV18, HPV31 and HPV45 in 12-15 year old girls receiving Cervarix® or Gardasil® vaccine</li> <li>Cell-mediated immune response after HPV vaccination</li> <li>The effect of herd immunity in different human papillomavirus vaccination</li> </ul>	Audito 16:30 -  D. Mesher  N. Low  S. Kjaer  A. Godi A. Gonçalves	UK Switzerland Denmark UK Brazil
C 4-1 C 4-2 C 4-3 C 4-4 C 4-5 C 4-6	Vaccine 2 (Effectiveness & safety) Chair: M. Lehtinen - K. Canfell  - Evidence of cross protection following use of bivalent HPV vaccine in the national HPV immunisation programme in England  - Two or three doses for primary HPV vaccination schedules? Systematic review and meta-analysis  - Effectiveness of 3 versus 2 doses of quadrivalent HPV-vaccine on incidence of cervical lesions in a 3-dose vaccination schedule: a population-based study in Denmark and Sweden  - Memory B cell responses against HPV16, HPV18, HPV31 and HPV45 in 12-15 year old girls receiving Cervarix® or Gardasil® vaccine  - Cell-mediated immune response after HPV vaccination  - The effect of herd immunity in different human papillomavirus vaccination strategies: an economic evaluation of the best II study  - Comparison of safety statements from national authorities and	Audito 16:30 -  D. Mesher  N. Low  S. Kjaer  A. Godi A. Gonçalves  K. Haeussler	Denmark  UK  Denmark  UK  Brazil  Italy

OC 4-10 - A phase II study of Gardasil in human papillomavirus research: the mid-adult male vaccine study—the MAM study

A. Giuliano

USA

W 1



#### WACC FORUM HEALTH EDUCATION BENEFITS AND LIMITATIONS OF INCREASINGLY INFORMED PATIENTS

#### Sharing knowledge and education for cervical cancer prevention

The WACC Forum (February 4) is organized by the Women This conference gathers players in the public health edu-Against Cervical Cancer (WACC) Network which repre-cation sector from a number of countries, to share sents more than 50 associations from many different experiences on effective communication and learning countries working for the benefit of womens' health and tools aimed to increase HPV disease awareness and involved in cervical cancer prevention.

Anti-vaccine movements: tactics and solutions

patient education towards active prevention.

**Madrid Room** 

•••	Chair: M. Steben	10:00	- 13:00
W 1-1	- Lecture: The science facts about adverse events & HPV vaccines	S. Garland	Australia
W 1-2	- Understanding the tricks and tropes of the antivaccinologists	M. Steben	Canada
W 1-3	- Crisis management: do we need to answer all attacks of antivaccinologists?	E. Bravo	Spain
W 1-4	<ul> <li>Are all experts banned from sharing their knowledge because of collaboration with the industry?</li> </ul>	C. Meijer	Netherlands
W 1-5	<ul> <li>Composition of expert teams involved in health technology assessment and decision-making in the field of cervical cancer prevention and potential conflict of interest - the example of Belgium</li> </ul>	M. Arbyn	Belgium
W 1-6	- Research on attitudes and acceptance of HPV vaccine	J. Waller	UK
W 1-7	- Helping community groups in their communication activities	J. Smith	USA
	- Questions and comments from the audience		
W 2	Patient survivors' voices: what they want  Chair: J. Smith		id Room - 16:00
W 2			
<b>W 2</b>	Chair: J. Smith		
	Chair: J. Smith  - Information: transmission, risk of cancer, protection	14:30	- 16:00
W 2-1	Chair: J. Smith  - Information : transmission, risk of cancer, protection  - Cervical cancer	P. Gravitt	- 16:00 USA
W 2-1 W 2-2	Chair: J. Smith  - Information: transmission, risk of cancer, protection  - Cervical cancer  - Anal cancer	P. Gravitt M. Bower	- 16:00 USA UK
W 2-1 W 2-2 W 2-3	Chair: J. Smith  - Information: transmission, risk of cancer, protection  - Cervical cancer  - Anal cancer  - Oropharyngeal cancer	P. Gravitt M. Bower C. Fakhry	USA UK USA
W 2-1 W 2-2 W 2-3 W 2-4	Chair: J. Smith  Information: transmission, risk of cancer, protection  Cervical cancer  Anal cancer  Oropharyngeal cancer  The interface between science and policy for global cervical cancer control?	P. Gravitt M. Bower C. Fakhry Y.L. Qiao	USA UK USA China
W 2-1 W 2-2 W 2-3 W 2-4 W 2-5 W 2-6	Chair: J. Smith  Information: transmission, risk of cancer, protection  Cervical cancer  Anal cancer  Oropharyngeal cancer  The interface between science and policy for global cervical cancer control?  Print media coverage of the link between HPV and oral cancer in the UK	P. Gravitt M. Bower C. Fakhry Y.L.Qiao J. Waller	USA UK USA China UK

Coffee Break 16:00 - 16:30

# ORAL COMMUNICATIONS - OC

OC 5	<b>WACC</b> Chair: F. Martinon-Torres - J. Waller	<b>Madrid Room</b> 16:30 - 18:30	
00 5 1	Understanding conviced coreening non attendance among		
UC 5-1	<ul> <li>Understanding cervical screening non-attendance among ethnic minority women</li> </ul>	L. Marlow	UK
OC 5-2	- Barriers to and facilitators of compliance with clinical based cervical cancer screening	E. Östensson	Sweden
OC 5-3	- Small scale screening – working beside communities to create a sustainable solution to cervical cancer screening in the Peruvian Amazon	G. Shannon	Peru
OC 5-4	<ul> <li>Acceptance and satisfaction of cervical cancer screening program using visual inspection with acetic acid among women in Morocco</li> </ul>	F. Selmouni	Morocco
OC 5-5	- Awareness of human papillomavirus before and after introduction of HPV vaccination: a large population-based survey of Scandinavian women	L. Thomsen	Denmark
OC 5-7	- Web-based survey on knowledge for cervical cancer prevention among young women: comparison in Japan and Australia	E. Miyagi	Japan
OC 5-8	- Knowledge and prevalence of HPV diseases in Latvia	D. Rezeberga	Latvia
OC 5-9	- A population based survey of school nurses' attitudes to the implemented HPV vaccination programme in Sweden	M. Grandahl	Sweden
OC 5-10	- Hungarian high school students' attitude toward the HPV vaccine	B. Balla	Hungary
OC 5-11	- Primary prevention of HPV infections for adolescents (education and vaccination)	D. Lepusic	Croatia
OC 5-12	- HPV vaccine concerns in Japan – public health and scientific background	S. Hanley	Japan
OC 5-13	- HPV vaccine concerns in Japan – social and political background	R. Konno	Japan
OC 5-14	<ul> <li>Correlates of uptake in school-based routine HPV vaccination:</li> <li>a register-based study of 90,000 girls and their parents</li> </ul>	B. Hansen	Norway
OC 5-15	- Acceptability of 2- versus 3-dose HPV vaccination among vaccine providers and mothers of adolescent girls in five countries	S. Smith	USA



ΜA	IN SCIENTIFIC SESSIONS - MSS			
MSS			<b>Main Aud</b> 8:15 - 9	
MSS 1-	- Do the current criteria for the recommendation of new HPV tests	/_	16	
ACC 4 4	for cervical cancer screening need to be refined?	Т.	Iftner	Germany
	- Cotesting vs primary standalone HPV testing - What test to use, is genotyping important?	Н.	Lawson Cuzick	USA UK
	- What test to use, is genotyping important: - Ages for HPV screening: when to start, when to stop?	J. E.	Franco	Canada
	- What to do if HPV negative? Interval of screening	l.	Dillner	Sweden
	- Impact of vaccination on primary HPV screening	Х.		Spain
	- Discussion	,	203011	opa
MSS	2 Surveillance and impact of HPV prophylactic vaccines in population: current picture  Chair: J. Brotherton		<b>Main Aud</b> 9:45 - 1	
1SS 2-1	- Vaccine uptake accross the world	P.	Bloem	Switzerland
1SS 2-2	- Monitoring impact in population	D.	Mesher	UK
ISS 2-3	- Worldwide surveillance of HPV vaccination coverages: the current picture - Changes in disease prevalence in vaccinated women	L.	Bruni	Spain
ISS 2-4 ISS 2-!	– Genital warts – Cervical diseases	P.	Sparen Brotherton	Sweden Australia
	- Cervical diseases - Cancer registries: up to the task of monitoring post vaccination	٦.	Diotherton	Australia
JJ 2-(	reductions in HPV-related cancers?	F.	Bray	France
SS 2-7	- Monitoring of RRP in the post vaccine era	Ρ.	Campisi	Canada
SS 2-{	<ul><li>Long-term efficacy of HPV vaccination against hard endpoints</li><li>Discussion</li></ul>	J.	Paavonen	Finland
C L	INICAL SESSIONS - CS  Clinical advances & modern management of vulvar carcino	nma	Auditori	ıım 2
	Chair: C. Haie-Meder - M. Roy	,,,,,	8:30 - 1	
S 1-1 S 1-2	<ul><li>Current knowledge on burden, epidemiology &amp; carcinogenesis</li><li>Human papillomavirus genotype attribution for</li></ul>	Α.	Tristram	UK
S 1-3	HPVS 6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52, 58 in female anogenital cancers.  - The contribution of sentinel lymph node detection & new development	S.	De Sanjosé	Spain
	in vulvar cancer surgery	A.	van der Zee	Netherland
S 1-4	- What remains of radiotherapy indications?	C.	Haie-Meder	France
	- Discussion		A 196	
CS 2	HPV infection & precancers of the vulva Chair: J. Bornstein - A. Tristram		<b>Auditor</b> i 10:00 -	
S 2-1 S 2-2	<ul><li>Terminology</li><li>The distribution of 14 HPV types detected in VIN and VaIN lesions</li></ul>	J.	Bornstein	Israel
	from women 15-26 years of age	S.	Garland	Australia
S 2-3	- Epidemiology of HPV infection	Μ.	Goodman	USA
S 2-4	- Diagnosis	Μ.	Roy	Canada
S 2-5	- Treatment - Management	A.	Tristram	UK
S 2-6	- Immunotherapy	E.	Van Esch	Netherland
	- Discussion			

#### ORAL COMMUNICATIONS - OC

OC 6			<b>Auditoriu</b> 8:15 - 9:4		
OC 6-1	- Long-term effectiveness and safety of Gardasil™ in the Nordic countries	S.	Kjaer	Denmark	
OC 6-2	- Phase II evaluation of a multivalent HPV L1 virus-like particle (VLP) vaccine	A.	Luxembourg	USA	
OC 6-3	- Immunogenicity and safety of a novel 9-valent HPV L1 virus-like particle vaccine in boys and girls 9-15 years old; comparison to women 16-26 years old	S.	Olsson	Sweden	
OC 6-4	- Immunogenicity and safety of a novel 9-valent HPV vaccine in girls 9-15 years of age compared to the quadrivalent vaccine	S.	Olsson	Sweden	
OC 6-5	- Safety and tolerability of a novel 9-valent HPV virus-like particle vaccine	0.5	. lversen	Norway	
OC 6-6	- Tolerability and immunogenicity of a multivalent HPV L1 virus-like particle vaccine in 16- to 26-year-old men	Х.	Castellsagué	Spain	
OC 6-7	- End of study efficacy and immunogenicity of a novel 9-valent HPV L1 virus-like particle vaccine in 16-26 year old women	E.	Joura	Austria	
OC 6-8	- Potential impact of a nine-valent vaccine on human papillomavirus (HPV) related cervical disease in women aged 16-45 years of age, by region	Х.	Castellsagué	Spain	
OC 6-9	- Evaluation of HPV clearance following ProCervix vaccination in HPV 16 / 18 infected women with normal cytology	Μ.	Bouillette-Maru	ıssig France	

## COLPOSCOPY COURSE

CC	Colposcopy course	Bruselas Room
	Coordinators: A. Singer - N. Pisal	8:30 - 12:00

#### SEPARATE REGISTRATION IS REQUIRED FOR THIS COURSE

The colposcopy course is an intensive course conducted by 2 highly experienced colposcopists/oncologists. They will present the most up-to-date knowledge relating to colposcopy practice as well as of the management of the cervix and lower genital tract precancer. There will be lectures as well as a very informal interactive tutorial which will be clinically oriented. Topics will range from the basic (i.e. normal cervix) to advanced (i.e. micro-invasion and glandular disease). A CD (PDF format) of all PowerPoint lectures will be given out.

8:00 • Registration

8:30 • The normal cervix

8:50 • New ideas on CIN and cervical glandular disease and their detection - use of cytology +/- HPV

9:40 • Discussion

9:50 • The abnormal cervix - the use of colposcopy (including video presentations)

10:40 • Discussion

10:50 • Coffee

• Why, who, how to treat CIN/glandular disease

11:40 • Interactive case presentation

12:00 • Summary and close

Coffee Break 11:30 - 12:00

## ORAL COMMUNICATIONS - OC

OC 7 Head & Neck 1
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Chair: S. Syrjänen - M. Quer - H. Mirghani



# **Madrid Room**

8:30 - 10:00

OC 7-1	<ul> <li>Risk of human papillomavirus-associated head and neck cancer following a diagnosis of cervical intraepithelial neoplasia</li> </ul>	Μ.	Svahn	Denmark
OC 7-2	<ul> <li>Human papillomavirus prevalence and genotype profiling in head and neck region: an Italian study</li> </ul>	Μ.	Benevolo	Italy
OC 7-3	- The incidence of cervical and head and neck cancer among indigenous people in Australia, Canada, New Zealand, and the United States	S.	Moore	Australia
OC 7-4	<ul> <li>Study of HPV and precancerous lesions in the tonsils ("SPLIT"): preliminary results</li> </ul>	J.D.	Combes	France
OC 7-5	<ul> <li>Prevalence of HPV &amp; P16<sup>INK4A</sup> in multiple primary squamous cell carcinomas of the upper aerodigestive tract</li> </ul>	J.	Kulasegarah	Ireland
OC 7-6	- Adult onset recurrent respiratory papillomatosis: a retrospective review	N.	Blackwell	UK
OC 7-7	<ul> <li>HPV in oral squamous cell carcinoma in India: pathogenesis and clinical implications</li> </ul>	N.	Husain	India
OC 7-9	- Molecular identification of HPV and its relationship with the presence of premalignant and malignant lesions of the oral cavity in a general hospital, Arequipa, Peru	A.	Vasquez	Peru
	0 1 1 1		.1	

#### OC 8 Head & Neck 2

Chair: B. Burtness - L. Licitra



# **Madrid Room** 10:00 - 11:30

OC 8-1	- The role of the stroma in Tumour infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs) in oropharyngeal squamous cell carcinoma (OPSCC)	Р.	Stern	UK
OC 8-2	- Genomic characterization of a novel human Gammapapillomavirus genotype HPV-199 isolated from nasopharynx	Α.	Ostrbenk	Slovenia
OC 8-3	- HPV concordance between neck metastases and primary tonsillar cancer	E.	Munck-Wikland	Sweden
OC 8-4	<ul> <li>Expression of APM components in oropharyngeal carcinomas in relation to human papillomavirus (HPV) and clinical outcome</li> </ul>	T.	Ramqvist	Sweden
OC 8-5	<ul> <li>Methylation of HPV16 URR SP1 and E2 binding sites 3 and 4 in matched HPV16 positive primary / metastasis OPSCC pairs</li> </ul>	Μ.	Kalteis	Germany
OC 8-6	<ul> <li>Meta-analysis on p16<sup>ink4a</sup> accuracy to identify HPV transformation in oropharyngeal squamous cell carcinomas</li> </ul>	Μ.	von Knebel Doe	beritz Germany
OC 8-7	<ul> <li>Determination of human papillomavirus significance in oral premalignant lesions in association with clinical parameters and p16<sup>ink4</sup>a immunohistochemistry</li> </ul>	E.	Prigge	Germany
0C 8-8	- E6/E7 MRNA in situ hybridization is sensitive and specific to predict patient outcomes in oropharyngeal squamous cell carcinoma (SCC)	J.	Zhai	USA
OC 8-9	<ul> <li>Comparative analysis of microRNAs in HPV-positive and negative oropharyngeal cancers highlights different oncogenic mechanisms</li> </ul>	Н.	Mirghani	France

Coffee Break 11:30 - 12:00

MA	IN SCIENTIFIC SESSIONS - MSS			
MSS	3 - Funding cervical cancer control Chair: E. Franco		<b>Main Audit</b> 14:45 - 16	
/ISS 3-1	- Being victims of our own success: funding decreases for cervical cancer control	E.	Franco	Canada
/ISS 3-2 /ISS 3-3	– PATH		Wiesch LaMontagne	USA USA
/ISS 3-4	<ul> <li>What do financial cuts in health care systems mean for cervical cancer prevention in Europe?</li> <li>Discussion</li> </ul>	Х.	Bosch	Spain
	Coffee Break		16:00 - 16:	30
MSS	4 - Methods of triage of HPV+ women Chair: C. Meijer, A. Lorincz		<b>Main Audit</b> 16:30 - 18	
MSS 4-1	- Cytology	J.	Dillner	Sweden
MSS 4-2	- Host methylation	C.	Meijer	Netherland
MSS 4-3	- Viral methylation and p16 mRNA test	A.	Lorincz	UK
MSS 4-4	· ·	N.	Wentzensen	USA
VISS 4-5	<ul><li>Combination strategies</li><li>Discussion</li></ul>	M.	Stoler	USA
SC	IENTIFIC SESSIONS - SS			
SS 1 ·	· Immunotherapy of HPV-associated diseases		Auditoriu	m 3
	Chair: M. Stanley - P. Stern		14:45 - 16	5:15
SS 1-1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	G.	Melillo	USA
SS 1-2	- Optimization and development of a therapeutic anti-HPV vaccine in Ear, Nose, Throat (ENT) cancer	c.	Badoual	France
SS 1-3	- HPV-specific immunotherapy (VGX-3100) induces potent T-cells responses and regression of cervical intraepithelial neoplasia in a randomized phase IIB study	Μ.	Morrow	USA
SS 1-4	- Protease inhibitor in treatment of CIN	ı.	Hampson	UK
SS 1-5	- Generation of chimeric P16 <sup>INK4A</sup> HPV16 L1 particles for second generation HPV vaccine	s F.	Faulstich	Germany
SS 1-6	patients with human papillomavirus-associated cancer	М.	Reuschenbach	Germany
SS 1-7	- Human papilloma viral clearance following HPV targeted immunotherapy, tipapkinogen Sovacivec, in patients with high grade CIN	D.	Harper	USA
SS 1-8	HPV therapeutic vaccination	Y.	Misseri	France
	- Discussion			
	Coffee Break		16:00 - 16:	30
SS 2	- New challenges facing HPV 16 & 18 infection  Chair: X. Bosch		<b>Auditoriu</b> 16:40 - 18	
SS 2-1	- HPV 16 &18 prevalence and burden of associated cancers	G.	Clifford	France
SS 2-2	- Assessing cancer risk of HPV 16 &18 infection	E.	Franco	Canada
SS 2-3	- Immune responses, regression and persistence of HPV 16 & 18	A.B	. Moscicki	USA
SS 2-4	- Immune responses to HPV therapeutic vaccines	T.C	. Wu	USA
SS 2-5	- ProCervix, a new vaccine for HPV 16 &18 infected women prior to development of high-grade cervical lesions: from Phase I to Phase II.		Van Damme	Belgium
SS 2-6	<ul> <li>New paradigms of HPV 16&amp; 18 associated cancer control, the respective role of prevention, screening and immunotherapy</li> </ul>		Brisson	Canada
	- Discussion			

## CLINICAL SESSIONS - CS

CS 3 - ADC in situ and invasive adenocarcinoma of the cervix: an update	Auditorium 2
Chair: K. Ault	14:45 - 16:15

CS 3-1	- Current worldwide figures	Κ.	Ault	USA
CS 3-2	- Human papillomavirus types in glandular lesions of the cervix: A meta-analysis of published studies	G.	Clifford	France
CS 3-3	- Molecular approaches	J.	Doorbar	UK
CS 3-5	<ul> <li>Cervical screening and adenocarcinoma: Impact of cytology based screening and likely impact of HPV testing</li> </ul>	P.	Sasieni	UK
CS 3-6	- HPV prophylactic vaccine efficacy & impact	D.	Brown	USA
	- Discussion			

Coffee Break 16:15 - 16:30

CS 4 ·	The new face of colposcopy at the age of technical progress  Chair: W. Prendiville - P. Hillemanns		<b>Auditoriu</b> 16:30 - 18	
CS 4-1	- Colposcopy e-training	Α.	Singer	UK
CS 4-2	- Colposcopic performance & utility today	S.	Dexeus	Spain
CS 4-3	- Indications of colposcopy based on HPV screening	W.	Huh	USA
CS 4-4	- New biometric diagnostic	W.	Prendiville	Ireland
CS 4-5	- The use of an objective test for colposcopic trainees: a ten-year experience	Μ.	Roy	Canada
	- Discussion			

# ORAL COMMUNICATIONS - OC

OC 9	- Colposcopy - Management Chair: E. Siegler - K. Elfgren		<b>Auditoriu</b> 18:00 - 19	
OC 9-1	<ul> <li>Organized primary HPV screening in Sweden. Colposcopic and histopathologic evaluation of HPV++ women aged 56-60</li> </ul>	K.	Elfgren	Sweden
OC 9-2	- Spectroscopy in cervical cancer screening	Н.	Kirubamani	India
OC 9-3	- When should endocervical curettage be done?	R.	Pretorius	USA
OC 9-4	<ul> <li>EQE of cervical dysplasia: cytology-biopsy evaluation is mandatory for good patient management</li> </ul>	C.	Vanscheeuwijck	Belgium
OC 9-5	- HPV triage of low grade abnormalities in immunised women — insights from the SHEVa study	R.	Bhatia	UK
OC 9-6	- SperAnZA study: preliminary results of HPV vaccination after loop electrosurgical excision procedure for cervical intraepithelial neoplasia	A.	Ghelardi	Italy
OC 9-7	- ECO-ROCS (Evaluation of Clinical Outcome after Reduction Of Conization Size), study design	T.	Schwarz	Germany
OC 9-8	- Influence of glacial acetic acid on HPV detection - a study of 140 cases of CIN2+	Κ.	Cuschieri	UK
OC 9-9	- Dynamic spectral imaging for post-treatment triage	C.	Founta	UK
OC 9-10	- Realtime in vivo microscopic imaging of the cervix using confocal laser endomicroscopy: preliminary observations and feasibility study.	D.	Degueldre	Belgium
OC 9-11	- Overtreatment in see-and-treat management of cervical intraepithelial neoplasia; a systematic review and meta-analysis	R.	Ebisch	Netherlands

16:00 - 16:30

OC 10	- HPV testing 2 Chair: H. Cubie - J.L. Prétet		<b>Madrid F</b> 14:45 - 1	
OC 10-1	<ul> <li>Technical evaluation of the Xpert<sup>®</sup> HPV Assay in a General Screening Populat</li> <li>an assessment of the clinical performance</li> </ul>	ion J.	Cuzick	UK
OC 10-2	<ul> <li>HPV typing for the triage of HPV-positive ASC-US women may reduce costs due to avoidable colposcopies</li> </ul>	Μ.	Parisi	USA
OC 10-3	- Detection of high-risk Human Papillomavirus E7 Proteins	l.	Koch	Germany
OC 10-4	<ul> <li>Clinical validation of E1-based "HPV Easy DNA Array" genotyping test developed by AID/GenID</li> </ul>	Α.	Pesic	Germany
OC 10-5	<ul> <li>Cross-reactivity to untargeted, low-risk HPV genotypes by cobas, Aptima and HC2</li> </ul>	S.	Preisler	Denmark
OC 10-6	- Human papillomavirus infection caused by HPV types 52 and 58 and its rol in the development of cervical intraepithelial neoplasia	e V.	Prilepskaya	Russia
OC 10-7	- Does human genomic DNA cause false positive HPV test results	J.	Dong	USA
OC 10-8	<ul> <li>Post-conus samples and HPV testing with HC2 and cobas using SurePath: results from two Danish laboratories</li> </ul>	D.	Fornari	Denmark
OC 10-9	- Virtual screening of human papillomavirus oncoprotein E7	G.	Silva	Brazil

OC 11	- Epidemiology & natural history 2 Chair: P. Sparen - H. Ikenberg		<b>Madrid Ro</b> 16:30 - 18	
OC 11-1	- HPV genotypic distribution in patients with cervical cancer in Thailand	N.	Kantathavorn	Thailand
OC 11-2	- HLA-G polymorphism and HPV transmission among heterosexual couples in the HITCH study	K.	Louvanto	Canada
OC 11-3	- Do HPV 16 and 18 predict a higher risk of CIN2+ than other high-risk HPV genotypes in triage?	A.	Tropé	Norway
OC 11-4	<ul> <li>"Safety in numbers" – HPV genotype-specific vs. pooled high-risk approaches to CIN3+ risk stratification</li> </ul>	L.	Vaughan	USA
OC 11-5	<ul> <li>Use of Oncotect HPV E6/E7 mRNA as a triage test finds more cancer and high grade dysplasia than HPV 16/18 genotyping or dual staining</li> </ul>	P.	Karakitsos	Greece
OC 11-6	<ul> <li>Sexually transmitted infections among HIV positive and HPV high-risk patients in North Tongu district, Ghana – an ACCESSING* pilot trial</li> </ul>	A.	Krings	Germany
OC 11-7	<ul> <li>Persistence of high risk HPV infections among women in the North Tongu district of Ghana - participating in the ACCESSING* trial</li> </ul>	Р.	Dunyo	Ghana
OC 11-8	<ul> <li>Prevalence of risk factors associated with HPV and HIV positivity and cervical cancer among Cameroonian women</li> </ul>	R.	Catarino	Switzerland
OC 11-9	<ul> <li>The effect of HIV infection on penile high-risk HPV incidence and clearance among MSM</li> </ul>	D.	Van Santen	Netherlands
OC 11-10	- High-risk types of the human papillomavirus in women diagnosed with a precancerous lesion	K.	lwaniec	Poland
OC 11-11	- Epidemiological study of high-risk HPV in Midi-Pyrénées (France) with high-risk HPV RealTime PCR in 2013	Μ.	Bernier	France
OC 11-12	- Human papillomavirus and chlamydia trachomatis co-infection and the severity of cervical neoplasia	S.	Rabelo-Santos	Brazil

Coffee Break



#### SCIENTIFIC SESSIONS

#### Moving from cyto to HPV-based primary screening MSS 5 - Mutualizing experiences / implementation issues

8:30 - 10:00

von Karsa

Dillner

C. Meiier

G. Ronco

P. Hillemanns

Auditorium 3

France

Italy

Sweden

Netherlands

Germany

Chair: J. Cuzick - G. Ronco

MSS 5-1 - Status of cervical cancer screening in European countries and guidelines

MSS 5-2 - Introduction of primary HPV screening in organized screening programs

- Implementation of HPV screening: national vs regional projects (organization, assessment, problems, solutions, results, communications)

MSS 5-3 - Netherlands

MSS 5-4 - Italy MSS 5-5 - Germany

MSS 5-6 - Spain

MSS 5-7

MSS 6-5

MSS 6-6

MSS 6-10

MSS 6-13

MSS 5-6a - Recommendation to introduce HPV-based screening in Belgium

- US (FDA approval)

S. Granado de la Orden Spain

Belgium M. Arbyn

H. Lawson USA

#### **MSS 6 - Roadmap 2015:**

- Discussion

Management & control of HPV associated diseases

- current knowledge and new horizons - a debate

Chair: S. Franceschi - J. Monsonego

Auditorium 3

10:00 - 11:30

#### How HPV knowledge has changed our pratice: screening and management of neoplastic lesions

Cervix

Anus

MSS 6-1 - HPV screening in non-vaccinated women MSS 6-2 - HPV screening in vaccinated women MSS 6-3 MSS 6-4

N. Wentzensen **USA Netherlands** H. Berkhof

- Role of HPV in the management of abnormal Pap & CIN

K. Canfell Australia M. Einstein **USA** M. Arbyn Belgium

MSS 6-7 MSS 6-8 Oropharyngeal cancers (OPC) C. Fairley Australia M. Bower UK S. Pai **USA** 

MSS 6-9

C. Fakhry **USA** 

- How HPV knowledge has changed our pratice: current and future vaccines

- State of the art of HPV vaccine

Australia Brotherton

MSS 6-11 - Positioning the value of the new HPV vaccine MSS 6-12

UK M. Jit

- Utility of cervical cancer screening in the era of multivalent and therapeutic vaccines

P. Gravitt **USA** 

- Impact of prophylactic HPV vaccine in cancers other than cervical cancer M. Brisson Canada

Discussion

Coffee Break 11:30 - 12:00

11:30 - 12:00

55 3	<ul> <li>FIGO session</li> <li>Cervical cancer prevention in low-resource countries</li> <li>Chair: L. Cabero-Roura</li> </ul>		<b>Madrid R</b> 8:00 - 9:	
S 3-1	- Worldwide epidemiology of cervical cancer: prevalence, incidence, mortality. Rates and tendancies.	c	De Sanjosé	Spain
5 3-2	- Reality of HPV vaccination in under developed countries	s.	LaMontagne	USA
S 3-3	- Cervical cancer in Africa: an epidemic in waiting?	э. А.	Tristram	UK
5 3-4	- Effect of VIA screening by Primary Health workers: randomized controlled study in Mumbai, India		Shastri	India
3-5	- FIGO educational program	Χ.	Bosch	Spain
	- Discussion			
S 4	- Italian Session (in English) to the memory of M. Sideri <sup>†</sup> Chair: M. Sideri <sup>†</sup> - G. Ronco - M.T. Sandri		<b>Madrid R</b> 9:30 - 11	
-		G.		
5 4-1	Chair: M. Sideri <sup>†</sup> - G. Ronco - M.T. Sandri	G. F.	9:30 - 11	:30
5 4-1 5 4-2	Chair: M. Sideri <sup>†</sup> - G. Ronco - M.T. Sandri - Overview and update on NTCC trial		9:30 - 11 Ronco	:30 Italy
5 4-1 5 4-2 5 4-3	Chair: M. Sideri <sup>†</sup> - G. Ronco - M.T. Sandri  - Overview and update on NTCC trial  - Management of HPV+ women: results of research trials	F. P.	9:30 - 11 Ronco Carozzi	:30 Italy Italy
5 4-1 5 4-2 5 4-3 5 4-4	Chair: M. Sideri <sup>†</sup> - G. Ronco - M.T. Sandri  - Overview and update on NTCC trial  - Management of HPV+ women: results of research trials  - Update on the implementation of HPV primary screening in Italy  - Performance of commercially available HPV tests	F. P. M.1	9:30 - 11 Ronco Carozzi Giorgio-Rossi	Italy Italy Italy Italy
5 4-1 5 4-2 5 4-3 5 4-4	Chair: M. Sideri <sup>†</sup> - G. Ronco - M.T. Sandri  - Overview and update on NTCC trial  - Management of HPV+ women: results of research trials  - Update on the implementation of HPV primary screening in Italy  - Performance of commercially available HPV tests (from studies to clinical practice)  - Population-based frequency assessment of HPV-induced lesions in patients	F. P. M.1	9:30 - 11  Ronco Carozzi Giorgio-Rossi T.Sandri	Italy Italy Italy Italy Italy
5 4-1 5 4-2 5 4-3 5 4-4 5 4-5	Chair: M. Sideri <sup>†</sup> - G. Ronco - M.T. Sandri  - Overview and update on NTCC trial  - Management of HPV+ women: results of research trials  - Update on the implementation of HPV primary screening in Italy  - Performance of commercially available HPV tests (from studies to clinical practice)  - Population-based frequency assessment of HPV-induced lesions in patients with borderline Pap tests in the Emilia Romagna region - the Pater study.	F. P. M.1	9:30 - 11  Ronco Carozzi Giorgio-Rossi T.Sandri Costa	Italy Italy Italy Italy Italy Italy
6 4-1 6 4-2 6 4-3 6 4-4 6 4-5 6 4-6 6 4-7	Chair: M. Sideri <sup>†</sup> - G. Ronco - M.T. Sandri  - Overview and update on NTCC trial - Management of HPV+ women: results of research trials - Update on the implementation of HPV primary screening in Italy - Performance of commercially available HPV tests (from studies to clinical practice) - Population-based frequency assessment of HPV-induced lesions in patients with borderline Pap tests in the Emilia Romagna region - the Pater study Value of RLU in the management of ASC-US pap	F. P. M.1	9:30 - 11  Ronco Carozzi Giorgio-Rossi T.Sandri Costa Origoni	Italy Italy Italy Italy Italy Italy Italy Italy Italy
S 4-1 S 4-2 S 4-3 S 4-4 S 4-5 S 4-6 S 4-7 S 4-8 S 4-9	Chair: M. Sideri <sup>†</sup> - G. Ronco - M.T. Sandri  - Overview and update on NTCC trial - Management of HPV+ women: results of research trials - Update on the implementation of HPV primary screening in Italy - Performance of commercially available HPV tests (from studies to clinical practice) - Population-based frequency assessment of HPV-induced lesions in patients with borderline Pap tests in the Emilia Romagna region - the Pater study Value of RLU in the management of ASC-US pap - Colposcopy in cytology negative HPV positive women	F. P. M.1 S. M.	9:30 - 11  Ronco Carozzi Giorgio-Rossi  Sandri  Costa Origoni Preti	Italy

Coffee Break

-	Clinical decision-making for cervical diseases Chair: A. Kaufmann - J.P. Bogers		<b>Bruselas</b> 8:30 - 10	
		Α.	Schneider	Germany
	It is the time to change the consensus about CIN 2-3 LLETZ treatment during the first trimester?	F	Siegler	Israel
	5		. Moscicki	USA
	Role of biomarkers in the management of high grade CIN		Wentzensen	USA
	Non-invasive treatment options for CIN	P.	Hillemanns	Germany
	Risk factors for cervical cancer at colposcopy	R.	Pretorius	USA
_	Discussion			
SCI	ENTIFIC SESSIONS - SS			
SS 5 - S	Spanish Session (in English)		Bruselas	
	Chair: R. Garrido - F. Martinón-Torres		10:00 - 1	
	1 17		Dexeus	Spain
	The per-operatory sample of HPV as a marker of risk of relapse or second lesion			Spain
S 5-3 - S 5-4	Invasive cervical cancer quality control in Spain		Castillo Ibáñez	Spain
	Robotic surgery in invasive cervical cancer		Barahona	Spain Spain
	Discussion	141.	Daranona	Spain
	Coffee Break		11:30 - 12:	00
			11100 121	
SS 6 - I	Health economical modelling for HPV-induced		Paris Ro	
	cervical cancer prevention			
	Chair: M. Brisson - H. Berkhof		8:30 - 10	D:15
	Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – Australia	K	Canfell	Australia
S 6-2 -	Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – Australia Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of		Canfell	Australia
S 6-2 -	Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness — Australia Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness — The Netherlands	н.	Canfell Berkhof	Australia Netherlan
S 6-2 - S 6-3 -	Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – Australia Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – The Netherlands Optimal number of HPV vaccine doses in terms of cost-effectiveness	н.	Canfell	Australia
S 6-2 - S 6-3 - S 6-4 -	Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness — Australia Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness — The Netherlands	н.	Canfell Berkhof Brisson	Australia Netherlan
S 6-2 - S 6-3 - S 6-4 - S 6-5 -	Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – Australia Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – The Netherlands Optimal number of HPV vaccine doses in terms of cost-effectiveness Optimal HPV vaccine in terms of cost-effectiveness	Н. М.	Canfell Berkhof Brisson	Australia Netherlan Canada
6S 6-2 - 6S 6-3 - 6S 6-4 - 6S 6-5 -	Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – Australia  Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – The Netherlands  Optimal number of HPV vaccine doses in terms of cost-effectiveness  Optimal HPV vaccine in terms of cost-effectiveness (bivalent, quadrivalent, nonavalent)  Comparing impact of different vaccination strategies	н. м. м.	Canfell Berkhof Brisson Jit	Australia Netherland Canada UK
S 6-2 - S 6-3 - S 6-4 - S 6-5 - S 6-6 -	Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – Australia  Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – The Netherlands  Optimal number of HPV vaccine doses in terms of cost-effectiveness  Optimal HPV vaccine in terms of cost-effectiveness  (bivalent, quadrivalent, nonavalent)  Comparing impact of different vaccination strategies  (girls-only, girls & boys, and older women catch-up)  Investigating the impact of HPV vaccine on the cost-effectiveness	н. м. м.	Canfell  Berkhof  Brisson  Jit  Baussano	Australia Netherlan Canada UK France
S 6-2 - S 6-3 - S 6-4 - S 6-5 - S 6-6 -	Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – Australia  Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – The Netherlands  Optimal number of HPV vaccine doses in terms of cost-effectiveness  Optimal HPV vaccine in terms of cost-effectiveness  (bivalent, quadrivalent, nonavalent)  Comparing impact of different vaccination strategies  (girls-only, girls & boys, and older women catch-up)  Investigating the impact of HPV vaccine on the cost-effectiveness of cervical screening in Denmark  Discussion  Screening strategies at the extremes	н. м. м.	Canfell Berkhof Brisson Jit Baussano Sopina Paris Ro	Australia Netherlan Canada UK France Denmark
S 6-2 - S 6-3 - S 6-4 - S 6-5 - S 6-6 -	Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – Australia  Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – The Netherlands  Optimal number of HPV vaccine doses in terms of cost-effectiveness  Optimal HPV vaccine in terms of cost-effectiveness  (bivalent, quadrivalent, nonavalent)  Comparing impact of different vaccination strategies  (girls-only, girls & boys, and older women catch-up)  Investigating the impact of HPV vaccine on the cost-effectiveness of cervical screening in Denmark  Discussion  Screening strategies at the extremes  Chair: M. Elfström - P. Sasieni	H. M. M. I.	Canfell Berkhof Brisson Jit Baussano Sopina  Paris Ro 10:15 - 1	Australia Netherlan Canada UK France Denmark
S 6-2 - S 6-3 - S 6-4 - S 6-5 S 6-6 S 7 - S	Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – Australia  Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – The Netherlands  Optimal number of HPV vaccine doses in terms of cost-effectiveness  Optimal HPV vaccine in terms of cost-effectiveness  (bivalent, quadrivalent, nonavalent)  Comparing impact of different vaccination strategies  (girls-only, girls & boys, and older women catch-up)  Investigating the impact of HPV vaccine on the cost-effectiveness of cervical screening in Denmark  Discussion  Screening strategies at the extremes  Chair: M. Elfström - P. Sasieni  Cervical cancer risk in women <30y & >65y	H. M. M. I. E.	Canfell Berkhof Brisson Jit Baussano Sopina  Paris Ro 10:15 - 1	Australia Netherlan Canada UK France Denmark  oom 1:30 USA
S 6-2 - S 6-3 - S 6-4 - S 6-5 - S 6-6 S 7-1 - S 7-2 -	Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – Australia  Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – The Netherlands  Optimal number of HPV vaccine doses in terms of cost-effectiveness  Optimal HPV vaccine in terms of cost-effectiveness  Optimal HPV vaccine in terms of cost-effectiveness  (bivalent, quadrivalent, nonavalent)  Comparing impact of different vaccination strategies  (girls-only, girls & boys, and older women catch-up)  Investigating the impact of HPV vaccine on the cost-effectiveness of cervical screening in Denmark  Discussion  Creening strategies at the extremes  Chair: M. Elfström - P. Sasieni  Cervical cancer risk in women <30y & >65y  Screening of women <30y	H. M. M. I. E.	Canfell Berkhof Brisson Jit Baussano Sopina  Paris Ro 10:15 - 1 Stoler Kinney	Australia Netherlan Canada UK France Denmark  Oom 1:30 USA USA
S 6-2 - S 6-3 - S 6-4 - S 6-5 - S 6-6 S 7-1 - S 7-2 - S 7-3 -	Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – Australia  Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – The Netherlands  Optimal number of HPV vaccine doses in terms of cost-effectiveness  Optimal HPV vaccine in terms of cost-effectiveness (bivalent, quadrivalent, nonavalent)  Comparing impact of different vaccination strategies (girls-only, girls & boys, and older women catch-up)  Investigating the impact of HPV vaccine on the cost-effectiveness of cervical screening in Denmark  Discussion  Creening strategies at the extremes  Chair: M. Elfström - P. Sasieni  Cervical cancer risk in women <30y & >65y  Screening of women <30y  Screening of older women >65y	H. M. M. I. E.	Canfell Berkhof Brisson Jit Baussano Sopina  Paris Ro 10:15 - 1 Stoler Kinney Sasieni	Australia Netherlan Canada UK France Denmark  oom 1:30 USA
S 6-2 - S 6-3 - S 6-4 - S 6-5 - S 6-6 S 7-1 - S 7-2 - S 7-3 - S 7-4 -	Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – Australia  Optimal screening strategies in the era of vaccination in terms of cost-effectiveness – The Netherlands  Optimal number of HPV vaccine doses in terms of cost-effectiveness  Optimal HPV vaccine in terms of cost-effectiveness  Optimal HPV vaccine in terms of cost-effectiveness  (bivalent, quadrivalent, nonavalent)  Comparing impact of different vaccination strategies  (girls-only, girls & boys, and older women catch-up)  Investigating the impact of HPV vaccine on the cost-effectiveness of cervical screening in Denmark  Discussion  Creening strategies at the extremes  Chair: M. Elfström - P. Sasieni  Cervical cancer risk in women <30y & >65y  Screening of women <30y	H. M. M. I. E.	Canfell Berkhof Brisson Jit Baussano Sopina  Paris Ro 10:15 - 1 Stoler Kinney	Australia Netherlan Canada UK France Denmark  Oom 1:30 USA USA UK



H&N 1 - HPV driven oropharyngeal cancers (OPC): the global view Chair: X. Castellsagué - A. Chaturvedi		<b>Auditoriu</b> 8:15 - 10	
HN 1-1 - Burden of HPV H&N cancer a new entity? An emerging epidemy?	Α.	Chaturvedi	USA
HN 1-2 - HPV distribution & epidemiology	Χ.	Castellsagué	Spain
HN 1-3 - Risk factors for HPV head and neck cancers / Natural history - carcinogenesis	M.	Gillison	USA
HN 1-4 - Defining risk in HPV-associated head and neck cancer	В.	Burtness	USA
HN 1-6 - Role of immunity	M.	Pawlita	Germany
- Discussion			
MSS 6 - Roadmap 2015:  Management & control of HPV associated diseases- current knowledge and new horizons - a debate		<b>Auditoriu</b> 10:00 - 11	
- see detailed contents of this session p. 24			
Coffee Break		11:30 - 12:	00
H&N 2 - The HPV value for detection, control and management of oropharyngeal cancers (OPC)  Chair: C. Fakhry - S. Pai		<b>Auditoriu</b> 14:45 - 16	
HN 2-1 - Are HPV head and neck cancers preventable by screening and early detection and immunization		Fakhry	USA
HN 2-2 - Diagnosis & detection	J.	Lacau St Guily	France
HN 2-3 - Biomarkers in HPV+ tumors	Μ.	Pawlita	Germany
HN 2-4 - The role of HPV status in the treatment option of HNCC	S.	Pai	USA
HN 2-6 - Personalized patient counseling	T.	Dalianis	Sweden
- Discussion			
Coffee Break		16:30 - 17:	00
H&N 3 - Decision-making in management of oropharyngeal cancers ( Chair: T. Dalianis - R. Brakenhoff	OP(	C) Auditoriu 17:00 - 18	
- Treatment			
<ul><li>Non surgical</li><li>Surgical - robotic surgery</li></ul>	C. C.	Fakhry Fakhry	USA USA
HN 3-3 - Radiosensitivity of HPV positive tumors	J. Н.	Lacau St Guily Mirghani	France France
HN 3-4 - Prognosis & impact of HPV status in recurrent/metastatis OPC	L.	Licitra	Italy
HN 3-5 - Ongoing trials	Μ.	Gillison	USA
HN 3-6 - Decision-making in head and neck cancers	S.	Pai	USA
- Discussion			
H&N 4 - H&N controversies and key questions		Auditoriu	m 2
Chair: A. Chaturvedi - J. Lacau St Guily - F. Esteban - B. Burtness - M. Gillison		18:15 - 19	):15

- Debate

ASS 7 - New insights in cervical cancer control		Auditoriu	
Chair: J. Paavonen - S. Garland		14:45 - 16	
1SS 7-1 - Community randomized HPV vaccination trial of the best vaccination strateg	y M.	Lehtinen	Finland
ISS 7-2 - The efficacy rates against CIN3 obtained by the quadrivalent and the bivalent vaccine Phase III trials were not identical-Why?	ı.	Paavonen	Finland
SS 7-3 - Screening approaches for vaccinated population: Compass trial	Κ.		Australia
SS 7-4 - How to integrate HPV vaccination programs and organized screening program	ıs P.	Nieminen	Finland
ISS 7-5 - Addressing an unmet medical need using a 9-valent virus-like particle (VLP)-based HPV vaccine		Saah	USA
- Discussion			
Coffee Break		16:30 - 17:	00
MSS 8 - Potential impact of the quadrivalent, bivalent and nonava HPV vaccines, and alternative HPV vaccination strategies Chair: M. Brisson - M. Jit	lent	<b>Auditoriu</b> 17:00 - 18	
ASS 8-1 - Impact of cross-protection on overall vaccination effectiveness	- 11	Daylehaf	Netherland
against HPV-related diseases  ASS 8-2 - Alternative dosing schedules, WHO perspective		Berkhof 1.Henao-Restrepo	Switzerlan
ASS 8-3 - Effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of the candidate nonavalent vaccine		Brisson	Canada
ASS 8-4 - Age-specific sexual activity patterns and HPV infection control	l.		France
ISS 8-5 - Effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of vaccinating Men-who-Have-Sex-with-Me		- 445545	UK
MSS 8-6 - Impact of the nonavalent vaccine on cervical screening paradigms		Canfell	Australia
- Discussion			
CLINICAL SESSIONS - CS			
CS 6 - HPV infection: the state of the art		Paris Ro	om
Chair: M. Goodman - E. Franco		14:45 - 16	6:30
S 6-1 - Men and women epidemiology - genital vs anal & oral			
. 5, 5	Α.	Giuliano	USA
- Immunological factors which may be common or different at oral,			
- Immunological factors which may be common or different at oral, anal or genital sites of infection	P.	Stern	UK
- Immunological factors which may be common or different at oral, anal or genital sites of infection - HPV infection in children	P. S.	Stern Syrjänen	UK Finland
<ul> <li>- Immunological factors which may be common or different at oral, anal or genital sites of infection</li> <li>- HPV infection in children</li> <li>- Current knowledge on transmission</li> </ul>	P. S. M.	Stern Syrjänen Goodman	UK Finland USA
<ul> <li>- Immunological factors which may be common or different at oral, anal or genital sites of infection</li> <li>- HPV infection in children</li> <li>- Current knowledge on transmission</li> </ul>	P. S. M.	Stern Syrjänen	UK Finland
<ul> <li>- Immunological factors which may be common or different at oral, anal or genital sites of infection</li> <li>- HPV infection in children</li> <li>- Current knowledge on transmission</li> <li>- The environment of HPV</li> </ul>	P. S. M.	Stern Syrjänen Goodman	UK Finland USA USA
- Immunological factors which may be common or different at oral, anal or genital sites of infection - HPV infection in children - Current knowledge on transmission - The environment of HPV - Discussion  Coffee Break	P. S. M.	Stern Syrjänen Goodman S. Moscicki	UK Finland USA USA
- Immunological factors which may be common or different at oral, anal or genital sites of infection - HPV infection in children - Current knowledge on transmission - The environment of HPV - Discussion  Coffee Break  CS 7 - Anogenital HPV infection in men Chair: A. Giuliano - J. Palefsky	P. S. M.	Stern Syrjänen Goodman Moscicki  16:30 - 17:0  Paris Ro 17:00 - 18	UK Finland USA USA
- Immunological factors which may be common or different at oral, anal or genital sites of infection - HPV infection in children - Current knowledge on transmission - The environment of HPV - Discussion  Coffee Break  CS 7 - Anogenital HPV infection in men Chair: A. Giuliano - J. Palefsky - Can men having sex with men perform self or partner assisted digital anal exams? A study protocol	P. S. M. A.E	Stern Syrjänen Goodman Moscicki  16:30 - 17:0  Paris Ro 17:00 - 18	UK Finland USA USA OO Om 8:15
- Immunological factors which may be common or different at oral, anal or genital sites of infection - HPV infection in children - Current knowledge on transmission - The environment of HPV - Discussion  Coffee Break  CS 7 - Anogenital HPV infection in men Chair: A. Giuliano - J. Palefsky - Can men having sex with men perform self or partner assisted digital anal exams? A study protocol - The utility of HR anoscopy in the management of AIN	P. S. M. A.E	Stern Syrjänen Goodman S. Moscicki  16:30 - 17:0  Paris Ro 17:00 - 18	UK Finland USA USA  OO  om 3:15
- Immunological factors which may be common or different at oral, anal or genital sites of infection - HPV infection in children - Current knowledge on transmission - The environment of HPV - Discussion  Coffee Break  CS 7 - Anogenital HPV infection in men Chair: A. Giuliano - J. Palefsky - Can men having sex with men perform self or partner assisted digital anal exams? A study protocol - The utility of HR anoscopy in the management of AIN - Epidemiology of anal HPV infection, transmission and natural history - Management of genital warts: uptated guidelines	P. S. M. A.E	Stern Syrjänen Goodman Moscicki  16:30 - 17:0  Paris Ro 17:00 - 18  Nyitray Bower	UK Finland USA USA  OO  om 8:15  USA UK
- Immunological factors which may be common or different at oral, anal or genital sites of infection - HPV infection in children - Current knowledge on transmission - The environment of HPV - Discussion  Coffee Break  CS 7 - Anogenital HPV infection in men Chair: A. Giuliano - J. Palefsky - Can men having sex with men perform self or partner assisted digital anal exams? A study protocol - The utility of HR anoscopy in the management of AIN - Epidemiology of anal HPV infection, transmission and natural history	P. S. M. A.E	Stern Syrjänen Goodman Moscicki  16:30 - 17:0  Paris Ro 17:00 - 18  Nyitray Bower Nyitray	UK Finland USA USA  OO  OM 8:15  USA UK USA

SS 8 - Cancers associated with HPV: the current picture  Chair: S. De Sanjosé - K. Syrjänen  14:45 - 16:45				
S 8-1	- Introduction: overall picture and gaps	S.	De Sanjosé	Spain
S 8-2	- Methodological issues	E.	Franco	Canada
S 8-3	- Cervix - vagina - vulva and penis	S.	De Sanjosé	Spain
SS 8-4	- Anus	C.	Fairley	Australia
S 8-6	<ul> <li>HPV persistence/p53 overexpression and treatment outcome post-endoscopic ablation of Barrett's esophagus</li> </ul>	S.	Rajendra	Australia
SS 8-7	- Skin	S.	Smola	Germany
SS 8-8	- Other cancers	K.	Syrjänen	Finland
SS 8-9	<ul> <li>Ecology of high-risk human papillomavirus (HR-HPV) infections in heterosexual men (MSW), studied using expressed prostate secretions (EPS) versus anogenital samples</li> <li>Discussion</li> </ul>	C.	Eklund	Sweden
	Coffee Break		16:45 - 17	:00
SS 9	- Self-sampling at the edge of becoming routines Chair: M. Arbyn - N. Wentzensen		<b>Madrid R</b> 17:00 - 1	
•	, -	М.		
S 9-1	Chair: M. Arbyn - N. Wentzensen  - Accuracy of HPV testing using self-collected vaginal specimen:		17:00 - 1 Arbyn	8:15
SS 9-1 SS 9-2	Chair: M. Arbyn - N. Wentzensen  - Accuracy of HPV testing using self-collected vaginal specimen: an updated meta-analysis  - Coverage increase by offering self-sampling kits to non-participating women	F.	17:00 - 1 Arbyn	8:15 Belgium
SS 9-1 SS 9-2 SS 9-3	Chair: M. Arbyn - N. Wentzensen  - Accuracy of HPV testing using self-collected vaginal specimen: an updated meta-analysis  - Coverage increase by offering self-sampling kits to non-participating women	F. V.	17:00 - 1 Arbyn Verdoodt	8:15 Belgium Belgium

10 - Recent advances on HPV latency Chair: P. Gravitt		<b>Bruselas R</b> 14:45 - 16	
0-1 - ROPV models of latency and immunosuppression	J.	Doorbar	UK
0-2 - Canine models of latency and role of vaccine in suppressing reactivation	Μ.	Stanley	UK
0-3 - HPV latency in RRP: immune control and clinical implications	В.	Steinberg	USA
0-4 - Evidence for latency in HIV-infected women	Р.	Gravitt	USA
o-5 - HPV load fluctuations and duration of detectable episodes vs. duration of infection in adolescents	D.	Brown	USA
0-6 - HPV latency in menopausal women	A.	Rositch	USA
- Discussion			
Coffee Break		16:30 - 17:	00
11 - New insights in immunology Chair: S. van der Burg - A.B. Moscicki		<b>Bruselas R</b> 17:00 - 18	
1-1 - HPV immunology, genital vs oral	S.	van der Burg	Netherland
-2 - Immunology of regression vs persistence	A.B	. Moscicki	USA
-3 - Immune responses to HPV prophylactic vaccines	Μ.	Einstein	USA
-4 - Novel approaches for therapeutic vaccination of HPV-associated neoplasia	Μ.	Reuschenbach	Germany
1-5 - The role of natural immune control in the effectiveness of non-immune treatment	Α.	Kaufmann	Germany
- Discussion			
12 - The biology of HPV: what's new? Chair: J. Doorbar - S. Smola		<b>Bruselas R</b> 18:15 - 19	
2-1 - HPV epithelial tropisms and the site-specific development of neoplasia	J.	Doorbar	UK
2-2 - Epithelial target cell and the development of cervical disease;			
current thinking & observations	0.	Reich	Austria
2-4 - HR + LR protein function in Alpha HPV infections and carcinogenesis	L.	Banks	Italy
<ul><li>2-5 - Viral gene action during HPV infection</li><li>- immunevasion strategies + persistence</li></ul>	S.	Smola	Germany



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MAIN			SESSIONS	_ M \
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# MSS9 - HPV vaccines: unexpected findings Chair: E. Joura - M. Safaeian MSS 9-1 - L2-based HPV second generation vaccines (RG1-VLP) C. Schellenbacher Austria

MSS 9-1 - L2-based HPV second generation vaccines (RG1-VLP)

C. Schel

MSS 9-2 - Attribution of vaccine types in mixed infection

E. Joura

MSS 9-3 - HPV vaccination in the immunocompromised

A.B. Moscicki USA

MSS 9-4 - Utility of fewer doses - effectiveness M. Safaeian USA
MSS 9-5 - Impact of HPV 16-18 vaccination on genital warts D. Mesher UK

MSS 9-6 - Cross-neutralising antibodies in the cross-protection against 16/18 by bivalent & quadrivalent vaccines J. Paavonen Finland

- Discussion

# MSS 10 - Novel approaches of HPV and non HPV-based cervical cancer screening

Chair: P. Snijders - K. Cuschieri

Auditorium 3

10:00 - 11:30

Austria

MSS10-1 - Biomarker tests

M. von Knebel Doeberitz
Germany

MSS 10-2 - Methylation P. Snijders Netherlands

MSS 10-3 - Genotyping J. Cuzick UK

MSS 10-4 - mRNA K. Cuschieri UK

MSS 10-5 - Self-sampling D. Heideman Netherlands

MSS 10-6 - Novel approaches of HPV and non-HPV-based cervical cancer screening in developing countries

Quality control of UDV testing in corrigal cancer screening.

A. Lorincz UK

- Discussion

#### SCIENTIFIC SESSIONS - SS

# SS 13 - Basic molecular techniques and quality control of HPV testing Chair: M. Poljak - F. Carozzi Auditorium 3 11:30 - 13:00

22 12-1	- Quality control of HFV testing in cervical cancer screening:		
	from the patient sample to the communication of the results	H. Cubie	UK

SS 13-2 - Commercially available HPV tests, global overview and future challenges M. Poljak Slovenia

SS 13-3 - Cervical cancer screening of the vaccinated cohorts M. Arbyn Belgium

SS 13-4 - Clinically oriented external quality assurance programmes for HPV diagnostic tests: urgent need F. Carozzi Italy

SS 13-5 - Internal quality control requirements and external quality assurance

programs for commercial and in-house HPV genotyping tests: current status C. Eklund Sweden

SS 13-6 - Novel HPV types beyond HPV-150: an overview J. Dillner Sweden
SS 13-7 - Global genomic diversity of HPV 6 and 11 M. Jelen Slovenia

- Discussion

0 R	AL COMMUNICATIONS - OC			
OC 1	2 - Screening Chair: B. Andrae - E. Lynge		<b>Auditoriu</b> 8:15 - 10	
OC 12-1	- Liquid based cytology (ThinPrep) and computer assistance compared to conventional cytology; seven years' experience in 310 203 cases	Α.	Xhaja	Germany
OC 12-2	- Normal smears and specimens with benign cellular changes: are they really equivalent? Data from 95 934 cases	J.J.	Baldauf	France
OC 12-3	<ul> <li>Benefit of cervical screening in young women</li> <li>a matter of adherence to the recommended screening interval</li> </ul>	Р.	Sparen	Sweden
OC 12-4	<ul> <li>Age at first smear and cervical cancer risk: recent UK incidence and mortality trends</li> </ul>	c.	Gilham	UK
OC 12-5	<ul> <li>Cervical cancer incidence after a negative smear: comparing SurePath and ThinPrep with conventional cytology</li> </ul>	K.	Rozemeijer	Netherlands
OC 12-6	<ul> <li>Hysterectomy and its impact on the calculated incidence of cervical cancer and screening coverage rate in Denmark</li> </ul>	E.	Lynge	Denmark
OC 12-7	- Evaluation of three strategies to increase cervical cancer screening coverage among women age 30 to 70 years old. CRICERVA	S.	De Sanjosé	Spain
OC 12-8	- Impact of overscreening, data from a French organized programme	Μ.	Fender	France
OC 12-9	- Cervical cancer prevented by screening: long-term incidence trends by morphology and region in Norway	S.	Lönnberg	Norway
OC 12-1	<ul> <li>Estimating the contribution from unspecified uterine cancer to cervical cancer mortality</li> </ul>	В.	Andrae	Sweden
OC 12-1	1 - The impact of cervical cancer screening on preterm birth: a decision analysis	S.	Naber	Netherlands
OC 12-1	2 - Effect of HR-HPV immunisation on the performance of cervical cytology	T.	Palmer	UK
OC 12-1	<ul> <li>Characteristics of GPs who do not engage in cervical cancer screening in France</li> </ul>	L.	Poncet	France

OC 13 - HPV Screening Chair: M. Reboil; - F. Carozzi 10:00 - 12:00  OC 13-1 Misleading round 1 results in HPV screening studies due to high rate of previously undiagnosed CIN3 Local Complete age specific round 1 results from the Canadian population-based screening grial: HPV focal Complete age specific round 1 results from the Canadian population-based screening grial: HPV focal Comparative valuation of HPV assays for primary screening J. Bonde Denmark J. Bonde Canada Can	0 R A	AL COMMUNICATIONS - OC			
to high rate of previously undiagnosed CIN3 Complete age specific round 1 results from the Canadian population-based screening trial: HPV focal OC 13-2 Population-based screening trial: HPV focal C13-4 Referral population studies in evaluation of HPV assays for primary screening of women below age 30 years Referral population studies in evaluation of HPV assays for primary screening of the Canadian cervical cancer screening trial (CCCaST) The long-term prognostic value of HPV testing and Pap cytology to detect cervical neoplasia in the Canadian cervical cancer screening trial (CCCaST) The long-term prognostic value of HPV testing and Pap cytology to detect cervical neoplasia in the Canadian cervical cancer screening find (CCCaST) The long-term prognostic value of HPV testing and Pap cytology to detect cervical enoplasia in the Canadian cervical cancer screening find (CCCaST) The long-term prognostic value of HPV testing and Pap cytology to detect cervical enoplasia in the Canadian cervical cancer screening find (CCCaST) The long-term prognostic value of HPV testing and pap cytology to detect cervical cancer cervical cancer screening program The NPV testing with vological triage versus conventional cytology in the glad or organized cervical cancer screening program on the prognam of the prognam organized cervical cancer screening and triage, compared to cytology The analysis of the prognam and triage, compared to cytology The analysis of the prognam of triage, compared to cytology The analysis of the prognam and triage, compared to cytology The analysis of the detection of CIN2+ in primary screening The added value of rescreening pathways The added value of rescreening pathways The added value of rescreening pathways The added value of a rapid, on demand test for HPV as part of cervical cancer screening pathways The added value of a rapid, on demand test for HPV as part of cervical cancer screening prognam in El Salvador The Additorium 2 The Add	OC 13	<u> </u>			
population-based screening trial. HPV focal  - Human papillomavirus assays and cytology in primary cervical screening of women below age 30 years  - Referral population studies in evaluation of HPV assays for primary screening - The long-term prognostic value of HPV testing and Pap cytology to detect - The long-term prognostic value of HPV testing and Pap cytology to detect - The long-term prognostic value of HPV testing and Pap cytology to detect - Evaluating the potential introduction of primary HPV DNA screening in England I.  - Evaluating the potential introduction of primary HPV DNA screening in England I.  - Evaluating the potential introduction of primary HPV DNA screening in England I.  - Evaluating the potential introduction of primary HPV DNA screening in England I.  - Evaluating the potential introduction of primary Levical cancer screening program - Performance of HPV DNA testing with individual HPV 16/18 genotyping for primary cervical cancer screening program - Performance of HPV DNA testing with individual HPV 16/18 genotyping for primary cervical cancer screening program - Performance of HPV DNA testing with individual HPV 16/18 genotyping for primary cervical cancer screening program and CLART HPV assays return different test results - C. Rygaard Denmark  - C. Rygaard Denmark - C. Rygaard Denmark - C. Rygaard Denmark - Exploring the value of a rapid, on demand test for HPV as part - of cervical cancer screening program for cervical cancer: - participation results - V. Dalstein France - Participation results - V. Dalstein France - V. Dalstein France - Participation results - Randomized implementation of HPV-test in primary screening - Introducing careHPV into a public sector screening program in El Salvador - OC 13-13 - Introducing careHPV into a public sector screening program T. Andreassen - Norway - Randomized implementation of HPV-test in primary screening - Introducing careful program based on cytology and HPV test: - Cervical cancer screening program based on cytology and HPV test: - Cervi		to high rate of previously undiagnosed CIN3	J.	Peto	UK
of women below age 30 years  OC 13-4 - Referral population studies in evaluation of HPV assays for primary screening M. Rebolj Denmark  OC 13-5 - The long-term prognostic value of HPV testing and Pap cytology to detect cervical neoplasia in the Canadian cervical cancer screening trial (CCCaST) S. Isidean  CC 13-6 - Evaluating the potential introduction of primary HPV DNA screening in England I. Bains  UK  CC 13-7 - HPV testing with cytological triage versus conventional cytology in an organized cervical cancer screening program  OC 13-8 - Performance of HPV DNA testing with individual HPV 16/18 genotyping for primary cervical cancer screening and triage, compared to cytology  1- Performance of HPV DNA testing with individual HPV 16/18 genotyping for primary cervical cancer screening and triage, compared to cytology  1- Agorastos Greece	OC 13-2		G.	Ogilvie	Canada
OC 13-6 - The long-term prognostic value of HPV testing and Pap cytology to detect cervical neoplasia in the Canadian cervical cancer screening trial (CCCaST) S. Isidean Canada OC 13-6 - Evaluating the potential introduction of primary HPV DNA rescreening in England I. Bains UK OC 13-7 - HPV testing with cytological triage versus conventional cytology in an organized cervical cancer screening program O. Veijalainen Finland OC 13-8 - Performance of HPV DNA testing with individual HPV 16/18 genotyping for primary cervical cancer screening and triage, compared to cytology or primary cervical cancer screening and triage, compared to cytology or an ad CLART HPV assays return different test results C. Rygaard Denmark and CLART HPV assays return different test results C. Rygaard Denmark and CLART HPV assays return different test results C. Rygaard Denmark C. Skjeldestad Norway Denmark and CLART HPV assays return different test results C. Rygaard Denmark C. Skjeldestad Norway Denmark of cervical cancer screening program for cervical cancer: participation results D. C. Skjeldestad Norway Denmark Denmar	OC 13-3		J.	Bonde	Denmark
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OC 13-4 - HPV testing with cytological triage versus conventional cytology in an organized cervical cancer screening program organized cervical cancer screening program organized cervical cancer screening program organized cervical cancer screening and triage, compared to cytology or T. Agorastos Greece organy of Clinical characteristics of samples where cobas, HC2, Aptima, and CLART HPV assays return different test results or The added value of rescreening cytology normal samples with positive HPV mRNA test for the detection of ClN2+ in primary screening organized cancer screening pathways or cervical cancer screening pathways or cervical cancer screening pathways or cervical cancer screening pathways or participation results or the detection of ClN2+ in primary screening organi in El Salvador organization of HPV rench pilot primary screening program for cervical cancer: participation results or HPV as part of cervical cancer screening program for cervical cancer: participation results or HPV test in primary screening in the Norwegian cervical cancer screening program in El Salvador organization of HPV test in primary screening in the Norwegian cervical cancer screening program organi in El Salvador organization of HPV screening in the Netherlands: determination of HPV prevalence using 3 different automated HPV systems organization of HPV prevalence using 3 different automated HPV systems organization of HPV prevalence organization organization of the detection of human papillomavirus infections organization organizative evaluation of two vaginal self-sampling devices for the detection of human papillomavirus infections organizative evaluation of here organization with an opt-in strategy to improve cervical screening coverage J. Lam Denmark OC 14-4 - Comparative evaluation of self HPV testing in routine screening in Scotland G. Stanczuk UK - ACCESSING*: screening by self-sampling and low cost Arbor Vita E6 organization of self HPV testing in routine screening in Scotland C ACCESSING*: screening by self-samp	OC 13-5		S.	Isidean	Canada
an organized cervical cancer screening program  OC 13-8  - Performance of HPV DNA testing with individual HPV 16/18 genotyping for primary cervical cancer screening and triage, compared to cytology  - Clinical characteristics of samples where cobas, HC2, Aptima, and CLART HPV assays return different test results  OC 13-0  - The added value of rescreening cytology normal samples with positive HPV mRNA test for the detection of CIN2+ in primary screening  - Exploring the value of a rapid, on demand test for HPV as part of cervical cancer screening pathways  - Start-HPV French pilot primary screening program for cervical cancer: participation results  - Start-HPV French pilot primary screening program for cervical cancer: participation results  - CO 13-13  - Introducing careHPV into a public sector screening program in El Salvador  - CO 13-14  - Randomized implementation of HPV-test in primary screening in the Norwegian cervical cancer screening program  - Cervical cancer screening program based on cytology and HPV test: positive predictive value  - Co 13-15  - Cervical cancer screening program based on cytology and HPV test: positive predictive value  - Co 13-16  - HPV screening in the Netherlands: determination of HPV prevalence using 3 different automated HPV systems  OC 14-1  - HPV prevalence findings in the Danish HPV self-sampling implementation compared to routine screening  - Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-sampling devices for the detection of human papillomavirus infections  OC 14-1  - Good agreement of HPV detection between self-collected dry samples and physician-collected specimens in China  - Good agreement of HPV detection between self-collected dry samples and physician-collected specimens in China  - Good agreement of HPV detection between self-collected dry samples and physician-collected specimens in China  - Cli4-4  - HPV-based self-sampling implementation with an opt-in strategy to improve cervical screening coverage  - Cli4-5  - Clinical validation of self HPV testing in routine sc	OC 13-6	- Evaluating the potential introduction of primary HPV DNA screening in England	١.	Bains	UK
primary cervical cancer screening and triage, compared to cytology	OC 13-7		0.	Veijalainen	Finland
and CLART HPV assays return different test results  The added value of rescreening cytology normal samples with positive HPV mRNA test for the detection of CIN2+ in primary screening cytology normal samples with positive HPV mRNA test for the detection of CIN2+ in primary screening cytology normal samples with positive HPV mRNA test for the detection of CIN2+ in primary screening program for cervical cancer: participation results  OC 13-12 - Start-HPV French pilot primary screening program for cervical cancer: participation results  OC 13-13 - Introducing careHPV into a public sector screening program in El Salvador  OC 13-14 - Randomized implementation of HPV-test in primary screening in the Norwegian cervical cancer screening program  The Andreassen Norway  OC 13-15 - Cervical cancer screening program based on cytology and HPV test: positive predictive value  OC 13-16 - HPV screening in the Netherlands: determination of HPV prevalence using 3 different automated HPV systems  OC 14-1 - HPV prevalence findings in the Danish HPV self-sampling implementation compared to routine screening  Chair: D. Heideman - J. Bonde  OC 14-2 - HPV prevalence findings in the Danish HPV self-sampling implementation compared to routine screening  Chair: D. Heideman - J. Bonde  OC 14-3 - Good agreement of HPV detection between self-collected dry samples and physician-collected specimens in China  OC 14-4 - HPV-based self-sampling implementation with an opt-in strategy to improve cervical screening coverage  OC 14-5 - Clinical validation of self HPV testing in routine screening in Scotland  OC 14-6 - ACCESSING*: screening by self-sampling and low cost Arbor Vita E6 oncoprotein test can detect dysplasia in high risk women  CC 14-7 - Feasibility of self-collection and dry specimen storage for HPV mRNA testing to detect cervical lesions in high risk women  CC 14-8 - Self-collected vs. provider-collected sampling for HPV DNA testing in		primary cervical cancer screening and triage, compared to cytology	T.	Agorastos	Greece
HPV mRNA test for the detection of CIÑ2+ in primary screening  Exploring the value of a rapid, on demand test for HPV as part of cervical cancer screening pathways  CC 13-12 - Start-HPV French pilot primary screening program for cervical cancer: participation results  CC 13-13 - Introducing careHPV into a public sector screening program in El Salvador  CC 13-14 - Randomized implementation of HPV-test in primary screening in the Norwegian cervical cancer screening program  CC 13-15 - Cervical cancer screening program based on cytology and HPV test: positive predictive value  CC 13-16 - HPV screening in the Netherlands: determination of HPV prevalence using 3 different automated HPV systems  CC 14-1 - HPV prevalence findings in the Danish HPV self-sampling implementation compared to routine screening  CC 14-2 - Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-sampling devices for the detection of human papillomavirus infections  CC 14-3 - Good agreement of HPV detection between self-collected dry samples and physician-collected specimens in China  CC 14-4 - HPV-based self-sampling implementation with an opt-in strategy to improve cervical screening coverage  CC 14-5 - Clinical validation of self HPV testing in routine screening in Scotland  CC 14-6 - ACCESSING*: screening by self-sampling and low cost Arbor Vita E6 oncoprotein test can detect dysplasia in high risk women  CC 14-7 - Feasibility of self-collection and dry specimen storage for HPV mRNA testing to detect cervical lesions in high risk women  CC 14-8 - Self-collected vs. provider-collected sampling for HPV DNA testing in		and CLART HPV assays return different test results	C.	Rygaard	Denmark
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participation results  V. Dalstein France  OC 13-13 - Introducing careHPV into a public sector screening program in El Salvador  OC 13-14 - Randomized implementation of HPV-test in primary screening in the Norwegian cervical cancer screening program  OC 13-15 - Cervical cancer screening program based on cytology and HPV test: positive predictive value  OC 13-16 - HPV screening in the Netherlands: determination of HPV prevalence using 3 different automated HPV systems  OC 14-1 - HPV prevalence findings in the Danish HPV self-sampling implementation compared to routine screening  OC 14-2 - HPV prevalence findings in the Danish HPV self-sampling devices for the detection of human papillomavirus infections  OC 14-3 - Good agreement of HPV detection between self-collected dry samples and physician-collected specimens in China  OC 14-4 - HPV-based self-sampling implementation with an opt-in strategy to improve cervical screening coverage  OC 14-5 - Clinical validation of self HPV testing in routine screening in Scotland  OC 14-6 - ACCESSING*: screening by self-sampling and low cost Arbor Vita E6 oncoprotein test can detect dysplasia in high risk women  OC 14-7 - Feasibility of self-collection and dry specimen storage for HPV mRNA testing to detect cervical lesions in high risk women  OC 14-8 - Self-collected vs. provider-collected sampling for HPV DNA testing in		of cervical cancer screening pathways	E.	Adams	UK
OC 13-14 - Randomized implementation of HPV-test in primary screening in the Norwegian cervical cancer screening program  OC 13-15 - Cervical cancer screening program based on cytology and HPV test: positive predictive value  OC 13-16 - HPV screening in the Netherlands: determination of HPV prevalence using 3 different automated HPV systems  OC 14 - Self-sampling Chair: D. Heideman - J. Bonde  OC 14-1 - HPV prevalence findings in the Danish HPV self-sampling implementation compared to routine screening  OC 14-2 - Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-sampling devices for the detection of human papillomavirus infections  OC 14-3 - Good agreement of HPV detection between self-collected dry samples and physician-collected specimens in China  OC 14-4 - HPV-based self-sampling implementation with an opt-in strategy to improve cervical screening coverage  OC 14-5 - Clinical validation of self HPV testing in routine screening in Scotland  OC 14-6 - ACCESSING*: screening by self-sampling and low cost Arbor Vita E6 oncoprotein test can detect dysplasia in high risk women  OC 14-7 - Feasibility of self-collection and dry specimen storage for HPV mRNA testing to detect cervical lesions in high risk women  OC 14-8 - Self-collected vs. provider-collected sampling for HPV DNA testing in	OC 13-12		V.	Dalstein	France
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positive predictive value  10C 13-16 - HPV screening in the Netherlands: determination of HPV prevalence using 3 different automated HPV systems  10C 14 - Self-sampling Chair: D. Heideman - J. Bonde  112:00 - 13:15  115  116 - HPV prevalence findings in the Danish HPV self-sampling implementation compared to routine screening  117:00 - 13:15  118 - HPV prevalence findings in the Danish HPV self-sampling implementation compared to routine screening  119 - Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-sampling devices for the detection of human papillomavirus infections  110 - Good agreement of HPV detection between self-collected dry samples and physician-collected specimens in China  110 - HPV-based self-sampling implementation with an opt-in strategy to improve cervical screening coverage  117 - Clinical validation of self HPV testing in routine screening in Scotland  118 - ACCESSING*: screening by self-sampling and low cost Arbor Vita E6 oncoprotein test can detect dysplasia in high risk women  119 - Feasibility of self-collection and dry specimen storage for HPV mRNA testing to detect cervical lesions in high risk women  110 - Feasibility of self-collection and dry specimen storage for HPV mRNA testing to detect cervical lesions in high risk women  110 - Feasibility of self-collected sampling for HPV DNA testing in	OC 13-14		T.	Andreassen	Norway
using 3 different automated HPV systems  A. Van den Brule Netherlands  OC 144 - Self-sampling Chair: D. Heideman - J. Bonde  12:00 - 13:15  OC 14-1 - HPV prevalence findings in the Danish HPV self-sampling implementation compared to routine screening  - Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-sampling devices for the detection of human papillomavirus infections  - Good agreement of HPV detection between self-collected dry samples and physician-collected specimens in China  - HPV-based self-sampling implementation with an opt-in strategy to improve cervical screening coverage  - Clinical validation of self HPV testing in routine screening in Scotland  - ACCESSING*: screening by self-sampling and low cost Arbor Vita E6 oncoprotein test can detect dysplasia in high risk women  - Feasibility of self-collection and dry specimen storage for HPV mRNA testing to detect cervical lesions in high risk women  - Self-collected vs. provider-collected sampling for HPV DNA testing in	OC 13-15		S.	Tamames	Spain
Chair: D. Heideman - J. Bonde  12:00 - 13:15  OC 14-1  - HPV prevalence findings in the Danish HPV self-sampling implementation compared to routine screening  - Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-sampling devices for the detection of human papillomavirus infections  - Good agreement of HPV detection between self-collected dry samples and physician-collected specimens in China  - HPV-based self-sampling implementation with an opt-in strategy to improve cervical screening coverage  - Clinical validation of self HPV testing in routine screening in Scotland  - ACCESSING*: screening by self-sampling and low cost Arbor Vita E6 oncoprotein test can detect dysplasia in high risk women  - Feasibility of self-collection and dry specimen storage for HPV mRNA testing to detect cervical lesions in high risk women  - Self-collected vs. provider-collected sampling for HPV DNA testing in	OC 13-16		A.	Van den Brule	Netherlands
compared to routine screening H. Pedersen Denmark  Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-sampling devices for the detection of human papillomavirus infections M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-sampling devices for the detection of human papillomavirus infections M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-sampling devices M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of human papillomavirus infections M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of human papillomavirus infections M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-samples M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-samples M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-samples M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-samples M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-samples M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-samples M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-samples M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-samples M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-samples M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-samples M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-samples M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-samples M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two vaginal self-samples M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two valuations M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two valuations M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluation of two valuations M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluations M. Jentschke Germany  Comparative evaluations M. Jentschke Germany  Lam Denmark  Comp	OC 14	, -			
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to improve cervical screening coverage  OC 14-5  - Clinical validation of self HPV testing in routine screening in Scotland  OC 14-6  - ACCESSING*: screening by self-sampling and low cost Arbor Vita E6 oncoprotein test can detect dysplasia in high risk women  OC 14-7  - Feasibility of self-collection and dry specimen storage for HPV mRNA testing to detect cervical lesions in high risk women  OC 14-8  - Self-collected vs. provider-collected sampling for HPV DNA testing in		and physician-collected specimens in China	Κ.	Chen	Germany
OC 14-6 - ACCESSING*: screening by self-sampling and low cost Arbor Vita E6 oncoprotein test can detect dysplasia in high risk women K. Effah Ghana  OC 14-7 - Feasibility of self-collection and dry specimen storage for HPV mRNA testing to detect cervical lesions in high risk women G. Manguro Kenya  OC 14-8 - Self-collected vs. provider-collected sampling for HPV DNA testing in		to improve cervical screening coverage	J.		
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		for HPV mRNA testing to detect cervical lesions in high risk women	G.	Manguro	Kenya
	OC 14-8		J.C	. Felix	USA

SCIENTIFIC SESSIONS - SS			
SS 14 - CoheaHr Chair: C. Meijer - M. Elfström		<b>Madrid Ro</b> 8:00 - 10:	
SS 14-1 - Overview of CoheaHr. Self-sampling for primary HPV screening	Н.	Berkhof	Netherlands
SS 14-2 - Comparative effectiveness research in optimization of cervical cancer control	J.	Dillner	Sweden
SS 14-3 - HPV clearance rates: impact on cervical cancer control strategies	G.	Ronco	Italy
SS 14-4 - HPV transmission modelling in optimizing preventive strategies	l.	Baussano	France
SS 14-5 - Vaccination of mid-adult women	Χ.	Bosch	Spain
SS 14-6 - Efficacy of HPV vaccines	Μ.	Arbyn	Belgium
SS 14-7 - Effect of vaccination strategies on screening	N.	Veldhuijzen	Netherlands
SS 14-8 - Integration of vaccination and screening	Μ.	Lehtinen	Finland
- Discussion			
SS 15 - Prevention of cervical cancer in Central and Eastern Europe and Central Asia  Chair: M. Poljak		<b>Madrid Ro</b> 10:00 -11:	
SS 15-1 - Patterns and trends in human papillomavirus-related diseases in Central and Eastern Europe and Central Asia	F.	Bray	France
SS 15-2 - Cervical cancer screening practices and current status of vaccination implementation in the Russian Federation	S.	Rogovskaya	Russia
SS 15-3 - Cervical cancer screening practices and current status of vaccination implementation in Central and Eastern Europe	Κ.	Seme	Slovenia
SS 15-4 - Cost-effectiveness of cervical cancer prevention in Central and Eastern Europe and Central Asia	Н.	Berkhof	Netherlands
SS 15-5 - Recommendations for cervical cancer prevention in Central and Eastern Europe and Central Asia  - Discussion	Μ.	Poljak	Slovenia
SS 16 - HPV infection, cervical cancer prevention in low income countries  Chair: R. Sankaranarayanan		<b>Madrid Ro</b> 11:30 -13:	
SS 16-1 - Cervical cancer prevention initiatives in China: Care HPV	Y. L	. Qiao	China
SS 16-2 - Updated results from the Indian study of less than 3 doses of HPV vaccination	R.	Sankaranarayaı	nan France
SS 16-3 - Cervical cancer prevention in HIV infected women	J.	Smith	USA
SS 16-4 - Infection with C. trachomatis increases high-rish human papillomavirus infection duration among female sex workers in Kenya	N.	Vielot	USA
SS 16-5 - Developing a sustainable programme of cervical screening by 'see and treat' in rural Malawi	Н.	Cubie	UK
SS 16-6 - Risk factors for HIV positivity according to HPV status among Tanzanian women	Μ.	Faber	Denmark
- Discussion			

OC 15 - Anal neoplasia Chair: J. Palefsky - A. Nyitray		<b>Bruselas</b> 8:30 - 10	
C 15-1 - Diagnostic value of anal cytology, HPV testing and high resolution anoscopy (HRA) in screening for anal intraepithelial neoplasia (AIN)		Current	1117
in HIV positive individuals  C 15-2 - Persistence, incidence, and clearance of anal HPV among HIV-negative me	en	Grover	UK
having sex with men and men having sex with women and men  The effect of HIV infection on anal high-risk HPV incidence		Nyitray	USA
and clearance among MSM  15-4 - Correlates of higher burden of anal high-grade squamous intraepithelial		Mooij	Netherland
lesions (HSIL) in the study for the prevention of anal cancer (SPANC)		Templeton	Australia
- Stratifying risk of development of anal cancer - a proposed clinical algorith			Australia Czech Republ
C 15-6 - Anal cancer screening in HIV positive Czech MSM	J.	Kaspirkova	сzесп кериы
OC 16 - Vulvar, vaginal & other neoplasia Chair: A. Tristram - F. Borruto		<b>Bruselas</b> 10:00 - 1	
- Sexual activity and function in patients with preinvasive and invasive vulvar lesions after completed treatment	D.	Grimm	Germany
<ul> <li>Role of vulvar cytology vs colposcopy in women with chronic vulvovaginal complaints and future role of HPV PCR as a primary screening modality</li> </ul>		Wadhwa	India
<ul> <li>C 16-3 - Randomized trial of treatment and follow-up of vaginal intraepithelial neoplasia</li> </ul>	Κ.	Tainio	Finland
- Risk factors and outcomes of women with vaginal intraepithelial neoplasia grade 2 and 3 (VaIN 2/3) — an eleven-year experience	Μ.	J.Seet	Singapore
<ul> <li>C 16-5 - Trends in mortality of human papillomavirus-related cancers in 1975-2012 from the Kanagawa cancer registry, Japan</li> </ul>		Motoki	Japan
C 16-6 - HLA class II antigen expression in cervical intraepithelial neoplasia and invasive cancer	M.	Sauer	Germany
OC 17 - Molecular markers biology & immunology Chair: M. von Knebel Doeberitz - M. Safaeian		<b>Bruselas</b> 11:30 - 1	
C 17-1 - Methylation of human papillomavirus 16 L1 gene in cervical intraepithelial neoplasia and cancer	Α.	Gutierrez	Germany
C 17-2 - Discovery of new methylation markers to improve screening	E.	Schuuring	Netherland
for cervical intraepithelial neoplasia grade 2/3			
for cervical intraepithelial neoplasia grade 2/3	D.	King	USA
for cervical intraepithelial neoplasia grade 2/3  - HPV OncoTect Quantitative E6, E7 mRNA as a Single Test Alternative to HPV 16, 18 and PAP Reflex Following Primary HPV DNA Screening		King Wisman	
for cervical intraepithelial neoplasia grade 2/3  - HPV OncoTect Quantitative E6, E7 mRNA as a Single Test Alternative to HPV 16, 18 and PAP Reflex Following Primary HPV DNA Screening  C 17-4  - Genome-wide methylome analysis discovers novel methylation markers f or both cervical adenocarcinomas and squamous cell carcinomas	G.	_	
for cervical intraepithelial neoplasia grade 2/3  - HPV OncoTect Quantitative E6, E7 mRNA as a Single Test Alternative to HPV 16, 18 and PAP Reflex Following Primary HPV DNA Screening  C 17-4 - Genome-wide methylome analysis discovers novel methylation markers f	G.	Wisman	Netherland
for cervical intraepithelial neoplasia grade 2/3  - HPV OncoTect Quantitative E6, E7 mRNA as a Single Test Alternative to HPV 16, 18 and PAP Reflex Following Primary HPV DNA Screening  C 17-4  - Genome-wide methylome analysis discovers novel methylation markers f or both cervical adenocarcinomas and squamous cell carcinomas  C 17-5  - Comparison of manual processing for p16/ki-67 dual stain  - Established and novel protein biomarkers for early detection of cervical cancer cells	G. H. P.	Wisman Ikenberg	Netherland Germany Austria
for cervical intraepithelial neoplasia grade 2/3  - HPV OncoTect Quantitative E6, E7 mRNA as a Single Test Alternative to HPV 16, 18 and PAP Reflex Following Primary HPV DNA Screening  - Genome-wide methylome analysis discovers novel methylation markers f or both cervical adenocarcinomas and squamous cell carcinomas  - Comparison of manual processing for p16/ki-67 dual stain  - Established and novel protein biomarkers for early detection	G. H. P.	Wisman Ikenberg Jansen-Dürr von Knebel Do	Netherland Germany Austria peberitz
for cervical intraepithelial neoplasia grade 2/3  - HPV OncoTect Quantitative E6, E7 mRNA as a Single Test Alternative to HPV 16, 18 and PAP Reflex Following Primary HPV DNA Screening  C 17-4  - Genome-wide methylome analysis discovers novel methylation markers f or both cervical adenocarcinomas and squamous cell carcinomas  C 17-5  - Comparison of manual processing for p16/ki-67 dual stain  C 17-6  - Established and novel protein biomarkers for early detection of cervical cancer cells  C 17-7  - Epigenetic control of human papillomavirus late gene expression  C 17-8  - Identification of novel key modules regulating cell cycle	G. H. P. M.	Wisman Ikenberg Jansen-Dürr von Knebel Do	Netherlands Germany Austria Deberitz Germany
for cervical intraepithelial neoplasia grade 2/3  - HPV OncoTect Quantitative E6, E7 mRNA as a Single Test Alternative to HPV 16, 18 and PAP Reflex Following Primary HPV DNA Screening  C 17-4  - Genome-wide methylome analysis discovers novel methylation markers f or both cervical adenocarcinomas and squamous cell carcinomas  C 17-5  - Comparison of manual processing for p16/ki-67 dual stain  - Established and novel protein biomarkers for early detection of cervical cancer cells  C 17-7  - Epigenetic control of human papillomavirus late gene expression  C 17-8  - Identification of novel key modules regulating cell cycle and apoptosis in cervical carcinoma  C 17-9  - The epigenetic drug 5-AZA-2'-deoxycytidine downregulates the viral	G. H. P. M. K.	Wisman Ikenberg Jansen-Dürr von Knebel Do Pappa	Netherland Germany Austria Deberitz Germany Greece

## POSTERS

P 1	Epidemiology			
P 1-1	- Prevalence of HPV in a Portuguese population centre Lisbon	D.	Cochicho	Portugal
P 1-2	<ul> <li>Prevalence of intraepithelial lesions of the lower genital tract in patients &lt;24 years</li> </ul>	S.	Tatti	Argentina
P 1-3	- Detection of beta and gamma human papillomaviruses in anal swabs of HIV-infected and uninfected men who have sex with men	M.G	i. Dona	Italy
P 1-4	- Mother-to-infant transmission of high-risk human papillomavirus	F.	Borruto	Monaco
P 1-5	<ul> <li>Pattern of high-risk HPV viral load after quadrivalent HPV vaccination in patients treated by conization</li> </ul>	J.	Paek	South Korea
P 1-6	- Genotype distribution of human papillomavirus in men from Salvador, Bahia, Brazil	К.	Serravalle	Brazil
P 1-7	- HPV types present in external genital warts in the Argentinean population	L.	Fleider	Argentina
P 1-8	- Distribution of cervical lesions in São Tomé e Príncipe Democratic Republic - a middle Africa Country	L.	Gonçalves	Portugal
P 1-9	<ul> <li>Performance of cobas 4800 HPV testing and genotype</li> <li>specific distribution in opportunistic cervical cancer screening</li> </ul>	M.L	Mateos	Spain
P 1-10	<ul> <li>Natural history of cervical HPV infections in different groups of high risk women enrolled in the VALHIDATE study</li> </ul>	G.	Orlando	Italy
P 1-11	<ul> <li>HPV genotypes in intraanal samples of immunocompetent women and clinical and liquid-based cytology findings</li> </ul>	J.	Eleutério	Brazil
P 1-12	- High prevalence of human papillomavirus (HPV) in vulvar and vaginal carcinomas from Brazil	V.	Saddi	Brazil
P 1-13	<ul> <li>High grade squamous intraepithelial lesion in an adolescent:</li> <li>a case study</li> </ul>	V.	Andrade	Brazil
P 1-14	- Is there a clinical profile for patients with persistent HPV infection after conization ?	Μ.	Olalla Jimenez	Spain
P 1-15	<ul> <li>Prevalence of chlamydia trachomatis infection on a cohort of selected asymptomatic young women in Milan, Italy</li> </ul>	S.	Bianchi	Italy
P 1-16	- Sexual behavior and HPV infection in adolescents and young women	Α.	Ribeiro	Brazil
P 1-17	- Human papillomavirus (HPV) genotype distribution in invasive cervical cancers in Martinique (French West Indies)	R.	Cesaire	France
P 1-18	- Human papillomavirus genotypes in São Tomé e Príncipe Democratic Republic - a middle Africa Country		Nobre	Portugal
P 1-19	- Role of quantitative viral load and physical status of Human papillomavirus (HPV) type 16 for prognosis of effectiveness of cervical cancer treatment	L.	Mkrtchyan	Russia

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- Evaluating the early impact of quadrivalent HPV vaccine introduction on genital warts in Belgium	G.	Dominiak-Felde	n Belgium
- Assessing type-replacement following HPV vaccination	J.	Palmroth	Finland
- Cancer registry follow-up of HPV vaccination trial cohorts and unvaccinated cohorts	J.	Paavonen	Finland
- Cost-effectiveness of HPV vaccination in developing countries	Κ.	Natunen	Finland
- Projecting the potential public health impact of a 9-valent HPV vaccine in the Czech Republic	Μ.	Pillsbury	USA
- Baseline characteristics of a randomized screening trial of HPV vaccinated women	P.	Nieminen	Finland
- Prevalence of HPV DNA in adolescent men vaccinated with the HPV 16/18 vaccine	T.	Petäjä	Finland
- Prevalence of genital HPV infection in women aged 18-29, in the post vaccination period, Quebec, Canada	P.	Goggin	Canada
- Potential impact of a nonavalent HPV vaccine on the occurrence of HPV-related diseases in France	D.	Riethmüller	France
- Projecting the potential public health impact of a vaccination programme with a nine-valent HPV vaccine in Norway	M.	Adam	France
- Projecting the potential public health impact of a 9-valent HPV vaccine in Hungary	M.	Pillsbury	USA
- Correlation between local and systemic IgG and IgA responses against HPV-16/18 VLP during HPV vaccination	P.	Giraldo	Brazil
<ul> <li>Provider insight into strategies to increase HPV vaccine uptake: a multi-site study</li> </ul>	J.Y.	Islam	USA
- Performance of a trial organization in the conduct of a large cluster-randomized trial	Μ.	Lehtinen	Finland
	<ul> <li>on genital warts in Belgium</li> <li>Assessing type-replacement following HPV vaccination</li> <li>Cancer registry follow-up of HPV vaccination trial cohorts and unvaccinated cohorts</li> <li>Cost-effectiveness of HPV vaccination in developing countries</li> <li>Projecting the potential public health impact of a 9-valent HPV vaccine in the Czech Republic</li> <li>Baseline characteristics of a randomized screening trial of HPV vaccinated women</li> <li>Prevalence of HPV DNA in adolescent men vaccinated with the HPV 16/18 vaccine</li> <li>Prevalence of genital HPV infection in women aged 18-29, in the post vaccination period, Quebec, Canada</li> <li>Potential impact of a nonavalent HPV vaccine on the occurrence of HPV-related diseases in France</li> <li>Projecting the potential public health impact of a vaccination programme with a nine-valent HPV vaccine in Norway</li> <li>Projecting the potential public health impact of a 9-valent HPV vaccine in Hungary</li> <li>Correlation between local and systemic IgG and IgA responses against HPV-16/18 VLP during HPV vaccination</li> <li>Provider insight into strategies to increase HPV vaccine uptake: a multi-site study</li> <li>Performance of a trial organization in the conduct</li> </ul>	on genital warts in Belgium  - Assessing type-replacement following HPV vaccination  - Cancer registry follow-up of HPV vaccination trial cohorts and unvaccinated cohorts  - Cost-effectiveness of HPV vaccination in developing countries  - Projecting the potential public health impact of a 9-valent HPV vaccine in the Czech Republic  - Baseline characteristics of a randomized screening trial of HPV vaccinated women  - Prevalence of HPV DNA in adolescent men vaccinated with the HPV 16/18 vaccine  - Prevalence of genital HPV infection in women aged 18-29, in the post vaccination period, Quebec, Canada  - Potential impact of a nonavalent HPV vaccine on the occurrence of HPV-related diseases in France  - Projecting the potential public health impact of a vaccination programme with a nine-valent HPV vaccine in Norway  - Projecting the potential public health impact of a 9-valent HPV vaccine in Hungary  - Correlation between local and systemic IgG and IgA responses against HPV-16/18 VLP during HPV vaccination  - Provider insight into strategies to increase HPV vaccine uptake: a multi-site study  - Performance of a trial organization in the conduct	on genital warts in Belgium  - Assessing type-replacement following HPV vaccination  - Cancer registry follow-up of HPV vaccination trial cohorts and unvaccinated cohorts  - Cost-effectiveness of HPV vaccination in developing countries  - Projecting the potential public health impact of a 9-valent HPV vaccine in the Czech Republic  - Baseline characteristics of a randomized screening trial of HPV vaccinated women  - Prevalence of HPV DNA in adolescent men vaccinated with the HPV 16/18 vaccine  - Prevalence of genital HPV infection in women aged 18-29, in the post vaccination period, Quebec, Canada  - Potential impact of a nonavalent HPV vaccine on the occurrence of HPV-related diseases in France  - Projecting the potential public health impact of a vaccination programme with a nine-valent HPV vaccine in Norway  - Projecting the potential public health impact of a 9-valent HPV vaccine in Hungary  - Correlation between local and systemic IgG and IgA responses against HPV-16/18 VLP during HPV vaccination - Provider insight into strategies to increase HPV vaccine uptake: a multi-site study  - Performance of a trial organization in the conduct

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P 3-14	<ul> <li>Comparison of FLOQSwabs for cervico-vaginal self-collection to gynecologist collected cervical specimens for the detection of HPV-DNA with Anyplex<sup>TM</sup>II HPV28 assay.</li> </ul>	S.	Castriciano	Italy
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